Syllabi of the M.A. Programme in History under Choice Based Credit System, Department of History, Dibrugarh University.

		Semester –I	
Domain	Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit
Core 1	10100	Religion and Society in Early India (up to 1200 AD)	4
Core 2	10200	Society and religion in Medieval India	4
Core 3	10300	Social History of Modern India 1757-1947	4
		·	4x3=12
	Opt any	Two Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) from Below	
DSE 1	104.1	State and State Formation in North East India (Pre-Colonial	4
DSE 2	104.2	Political History of Modern Assam (1826 – 1947)	4
DSE 3	105.1	State in India (Pre Colonial Period)	4
DSE 4	105.2	Constitutional History of India	4
			4x2=8
	Opt any	One Ability Enhancement Skill (AES) from Below	
AEC1	106.1	Archive	2
AEC2	106.2	Epigraphy	2
			2x1=2
		TOTAL CREDIT OF SEMESTER I	12+8+2=22
		Semester –II	
Core 4	20100	Economic History of Early India (Up to 1200 AD)	4
Core 5	20200	Economic History of Medieval India 1200-1750	4
Core 6	20300	Economic History of Modern India 1757-1947	4
			4x3=12
	Opt any	one Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) from Below	
DSE 5	204.1	Society, Culture and Economy of Assam: From Earliest Time to 1228	4
DSE 6	204.2	Social and Religious History of Medieval Assam	4
DSE 7	204.3	Social History of Modern Assam	4
			4x1=4
		Opt any one Generic Elective from Below	
GE 1	205.1	World Revolutions	4
GE 2	205.2	Society, Culture and Economy of Assam: From Earliest Time to 1228	4
GE 3	205.3	Social and Religious History of Medieval Assam	4
GE 4	205.4	Social History of Modern Assam	4
			4x1=4
		TOTAL CREDIT OF SEMESTER II	12+4+4=20

		Semester –III	
Core 7	30100	History of Contemporary World (1945 -2003)	4
Core 8	30200	Women in Indian History	4
Core 9	30300	Historiography Non -Indian	4
			4x3=12
	Opt any	one Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) from Below	
DSE 8	304.1	History of Art and Archaeology of Ancient Assam	4
DSE 9	304.2	Economic History of Medieval Assam	4
DSE 10	304.3	Economic History of Modern Assam (1826-1947)	4
DSE 11	305.1	Science and Technology in Pre-colonial India	4
			4x1=4
		Opt any one Generic Elective from Below	•
GE 5	306.1	History of Nation and Nationalism	4
GE 6	306.2	History of Art and Archaeology of Ancient Assam	4
GE 7	306.3	Economic History of Medieval Assam	4
GE 8	306.4	History of Contemporary India 1947-2000	4
GE 9	306.5	Science and Technology in Pre-Colonial India	4
			4x1=4
	Opt any	One Ability Enhancement Skill (AES) from Below	
AEC 3	307.1	Oral History and Oral Tradition	2
AEC 4	307.2	Visual Material as Primary Sources	2
			2x1=2
		TOTAL CREDIT OF SEMESTER III	12+4+4+2=22
		Semester –IV	
Core 10	40100	History of Freedom Struggle in India 1858-1947	4
Core 11	40200	History of Ecology and Environment in India	4
Core 12	40300	Historiography: Indian	4
			4x3=12
	Opt any	one Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) from Below	
DSE 13	404.1	Art and Architecture in early India	4
DSE 14	404.2	Art and Architecture in medieval India	4
DSE 15	404.3	History of Tribes of Northeast India:1826-1947	4
			4x1=4
		TOTAL CREDIT OF SEMESTER IV	12+4=16

TOTAL CREDIT OF ALL THE SEMESTER OF M.A PROGRAMME 22+20+22+13=80

Semester-I

Course code : 101

Course Title : Religion and Society in Early India (up to 1200 AD)

Nature of the Course : Core
Credit : 4x1=4

Course Objectives:

The objective of the course is

- To introduce the multiple religious traditions in India and their process of evolution throughout the ancient and early medieval period.
- To study the developments from pre-Vedic the Vedic and post-Vedic up to early medieval period will be discussed In chronological terms
- To explore the historical contexts in which the religions emerged, developed and transformed over centuries.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents:

Topic	Cred	lit
Unit- I	Lecture	Tutorial
1.1: Sources and Approaches to study of early Indian religious traditions	3	2
1.2: Understanding dynamics of religion	3	
1.3:Prehistoric genesis of religion in India	3	
1.4: Religions in the Indus valley civilization	3	
Unit-II:		
2.1: Religion in Early Vedic and Later Vedic literature	3	2
2.2: Ritualistic religion and Upanishadic philosophies	3	
2.3: Priesthood and social stratification		
2.4: Socio-economic backgrounds	3	
	3	
Unit-III:		
3.1: Alternative religious traditions in the 6 th century BCE- Social context	3	2
3.2: Early Buddhism, Jainism and Ajivikas	3	
3.3: Materialistic philosophy and Carvakas	3	
3.4: Growth and transformation in Buddhism and Jainism	3	

Unit –IV: 4.1: Development of Puranic religions and sectarian identities 4.2: Vishnuism, Sivaism and Shaktism 4.3: Features of Puranic religion, Tantrism and material milieu 4.4 Concept of acculturation and proliferation of castes and development of untouchability 4.5: Shaktipithas, Sacred space and sacred geography	2 3 2 2 3	2
Unit-V: 5.1: Growth of Bhakti and social context 5.2: Alvars, Nayanars, Srivaishnavas, Virasaivism 5.3: Kapalika, Kalamukha, Natha and Siddhas 5.4: Sankaracharya, Madhavacharya and Ramanuja	2 3 3 3	2
Total Contact Hours	(59

Atre, Shubhangana : The Archetypal Mother, 1987.

Banerjea J.N. : Pauranic and Tantrik Religion, 1966
Basham, A.L. : History and Doctrines of the Ajivikas, 1951.

The Wonder that was India, 1954

The Origin and Development of Classical Hinduism, 1991

Bhattacharji, Sukumari :The Indian Theogony, 1970.

Bhattacharya Benoytosh : An Introduction to Buddhist Esoterism, 1932. Bhattacharyya N.N. : History of the Tantrik Religion, 1982.

: History of Shakta Religion, 1974. :The Indian Mother Goddess, 1977

: Ancient Indian Rituals and Their Social Contents, 2nd Ed., 1996

Chakrabarti Kunal, :Religious Process: The Puranas and the Making of a Regional

Tradition of Bengal, 2001.

Chakravarti, Uma : The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism, 1987

Champakalakshmi, R. & S. Gopal: Tradition, Dissent and Ideology, 2000

Chattopadhyaya, Debiprasad : Indian Atheism, 1969

: Lokayata, 1959

Coburn, Thomas B. Devi Mahatmya: The Crystallization of the Goddess Tradition,

1984

Dasgupta Shashibhushan : Obscure Religious Cults, 1962 Davie, Grace : The Sociology of Religion, 2007

Doniger, Wendy ed. : Purana Perennis : Reciprocity and Transformation in Hindu and Jain

Texts, 1993

Eck, Diana L. : India: A Sacred Geography, 2011

Eschmann, A., Kulke, H & G.C. Tripath: The Cult of Jagannatha and Regional Tradition of Orissa, 1978

Jaini, P.S. : Gender and Salvation, 1992.

:The Origin and Development of Vaishnavism, 2nd., 1981. Jaiswal Suvira

Kosambi, D.D. : Myth and Reality, 1962

Kings and Cults: State Formation and Legitimation in India and South-Kulke, H.

East Asia, 2001

:The Kapalikas and Kalamukhas: Two Lost Shaivite Sects, 1972 Lorenzen, David N.

Lorenzen, David N. (ed.) :Religious Movements in South Asia, 600-1800, 2004

Nandi, R.N. : Religious Institutions and Cults in the Deccan, 1973

:Social Roots of Religion in Ancient India, 1986

:Puranas and Acculturation : A Historico-Anthroplogical Perspective, 2001 Nath, Vijay

:"Tirthas and Acculturation: An Anthroplogical Study", Social Scientist,

2001

:The Puranic World : Environment, Gender, Ritual and Myth, 2009

:From 'Brahmanism' to 'Hinduism': Negotiating the Myth of Great

Tradition, Social Scientist, 2001

:Sacred Landscapes in Asia: Shared Traditions, Multiple Histories, 2007 Ray, H.P. : Hymns for the Drowning : Poems for Vishnu by Nammalvar, 1981 Ramanujam, A.K.

:Divinity and Deviance : Women in Virashaivism, 1996 Ramaswamy, Vijaya Seshadri, K.

: Shrivaishnavism and Social Change, Calcutta, 1998.

: Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, 1983. Sharma, R.S.

Sharma, A. (ed.) Goddess and Women in the Indic Religious Traditions, 2004 : The Age of Iron and the Religious Revolution (c.700 - c.350 BC), Shrimali, Krishna Mohan

: Shakti Cult and Tara, 1967 Sircar, D.C. ed.

The Sakta Pithas, 1975

A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: from the Stone Age to the Singh, Upinder

12th century, 2008

Rethinking Early Medieval India: A Reader, 2011

Contestations and Compliance: Retriving Women's Agency from Puranic Tyagi J.

Traditions, 2014

: Recent Perspectives of Early Indian History, 1995 Thapar Romila (ed);

: Alvars of South India, 1966 Varadachari, K.C. : The Religion of India, 1968 Weber, Max

: Myth, Cult and Symbols in Shakta Hinduism, 1977. Wendell Charles Beane

Learning outcome:

After going through this course the students will be able to

- 1. Identify multiple religious traditions and philosophies in early India
- 2. Find out the socio-economic context of evolution
- 3. Discover the process of transformation of different religious traditions through interaction

Semester-I

Course code : 102

Course Title : Society and Religion in Medieval India

Nature of the Course: Core
Credit: 4x1=4

Course Objectives

The focus of this course is

- To understand the society, its composition and the role played by religion in determining the nature of a given society.
- To aid the students to understand the historical background of the growth and development of major religious trends in medieval India.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic		it
UNIT- I	Lecture	Tutorial
		1+1
1.01: Sources and approaches		
1.02: Composition and Stratification of Rural Society- the rural gentries	3	
(zamindars), the Khudkast, Pahikast, Raiyatis, and Craft and	3	
Service communities		
1.03: Composition of Urban Classes – nobility, commercial classes,		
artisans, slaves and servants	3	
1.04: Social Life- Social customs, festivals and amusements		
	2	
UNIT II		
2.01: Religious and Historical background of Bhakti Movement in		1+1
India	3	
2.02: Saguna Tulsidas, Chaitainya		
2.03: <i>Nirguna</i> Tradition: Kabir, Dadu	3	
2.04: Bhakti and Women		
	3	
	3	
UNIT-III		
3.01: Growth and development of Sikhism.		1+1
3.02: Emergence of Guru tradition and <i>Khalsa</i> identity in Sikhism	3	

3.03: Neo-Vaishnavism and Sankaradeva of Assam	3	
3.04:Vernacular Literature and <i>Bhakti</i> Movement	3	
	3	
UNIT-IV		
4.01: Jagannath cult in Orissa	3	1+1
4.02: Warkari and Vithoba cult in Maharashtra	3	
4.03: Lingayata movement in Karnataka	3	
4.04: Rishi Tradition in Kashmir	3	
UNIT-V		
		1+1
5.01: Islam-Background, the Ulema, relation with the State, Expansion	3	
of Islam.		
5.02: Sufism-Origin, concepts and practices, Different Silsilhas and	3	
relation with the state and other religious groups.		
5.03: Advent of the Christianity in India	3	
5.04: Different versions of Christianity in India: St.Thomas Christians,	3	
Portuguese Padroado Real, Padroado Fide, Protestants.		

Ali, M. Athar : Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb, Mumbai, 1970

Ashraf, K.M. : Life and condition of the People of Hindustan (1200-1550, Delhi, 1970)

Aquil, Raziuddin : Sufism and Society in Medieval India, Debates in Indian History and Society

Series. New Delhi: OUP.2010

Bhattacharya, M.N. (ed): Medieval Bhatti Movement in India, Delhi 1989.

Basu, Aparna & A. Taneja [eds] Breaking out of Invisibility; Women in Indian History, 2002

Charlotte Vaudeville : A Weaver Named Kabir: Selected verses with a Detailed

Biographical & Historical Introduction (OUP New-Delhi 1993).

Chandra, S. : Essays on Medieval Indian History New Delhi 2005.

: *Historiography*, *Religion and State in Medieval India* (Delhi2009)

Chitgopekar Nilima (ed) : Invoking Goddesses: Gender Politics in Indian Religion, 2002

Deleury, G.A. : *The cult of Vithoba*, Poona 1960.

Das Gupta, S: An Introduction to Tantric Buddhism 1974.

Eaton, Richard M. : *India's Islamic Traditions*, 711-1750. New Delhi: Oxford2003

(ed) Habib Irfan : *Religion in India History* (New Delhi 1007).

Jayaswswal, S. : The Origin and Development of Vaishnavism, New Delhi

Khan, Mohammad Ishaq : Kashmir's Transition to Islam: The Role of Muslim Rishis. New Delhi,

1997

Kulke, H : The cult of Jagannath and Regional Tradition in Orissa, New Delhi1978

Lorengen, D. N. (ed) : Bhakti Religion in North India, New Delhi, 1995

Lorengen, D. N. (ed) : Religious Movements in South Asia (600-1800 AD) New Delhi 2005

McLeod, W.H : Guru Nanak and the Sikh Religion OUP. N Delhi 1986.

Ramaswamy, Vijaya, : Divinity and Deviance: Women in Virashaivism, OUP, Delhi, 1996.

: Walking Naked: Women, Society, and Spirituality in

South India, 1997.

Rizvi, S. Athar Abbas : A History of Sufism in India New Delhi 1983.

Riazul, Islam : Sufism in South Asia: Impact on Fourteen Century Muslim Society

(Karachi 2002)

Sharma, K. Bhakti and Bhakti Movement: A New Perspective. Delhi 1987. Singh,

Vipul : *Interpreting Medieval India (Vol-I)* New Delhi 2009.

Mundadan, A. Mathias : *The History of Christianity in India*, vol i, Bangalore,1978 Thekkedath, Joseph : *The History of Christianity in India*, vol ii, Bangalore,1988

Learning outcome:

The student will learn:

• Nature and composition of medieval societies in India.

• Historical background to major trends in religions in Medieval India (Bhakti, Sufi, Sikhism, Christianity).

• Interaction between religion and society.

• Growth of regional identities and role of religion in it.

Semester-I

Course code : 103

Course title : Social History of Modern India: 1757-1947

Nature of the Course : Core Credit : 4x1=4

Course Objectives:

• To understand the social structure and milieu of Indian society during the period of the study

- To critically understand the colonial perceptions towards Indian society and the various reforms carried out in relation to that.
- To examines the role of the Indian intelligentsia in carrying out various reforms and revivalist movements in the society in respond to the colonial views on the Indian society.
- To trace the growth and development of education, press, literatures, painting and sports and to understand how these helped shape the opinion and culture of modern Indian society.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In Semester Examinations Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course Contents:

Topic	Credit	
	Lecture	Tutorial
 Unit – 1 1.01.Indian society in the 18th and 19th century- Race and Caste. 1.02.Colonial Perception of India – Bengal Asiatic society, Orientalists, Utilitarians and Evangelists. 1.03.Ideologies of the Raj – Oriental Despotism, Rule of Law. 1.04. The Indian Responses: Early Phase 	12	1
 Unit – II 2.01. The Colonial State and social reforms – Thugee, female infanticide, human sacrifice and slavery. 2.02. The role of Christian Missionaries: Education, health and proselytisation. 2.03. Indian intelligentsia Respond: Brahmo Samaj, Prarthana Samaj 2.04. The Arya Samaj and the Theosophical Society. 	12	1
Unit – III 3.01. Movement against the Caste system- the Depressed Class Movement. 3.02. Islamic Reform Movements- Shah Walliwallah, Deoband, Aligarh – Islamic Revivalist Movement. 3.03. Reform Movement among the Parsis. 3.04. Reform Movement among the Sikhs.	12	1

 Unit - V: 5.01. The growth of Modern Indian Literature 2.02. The growth of Modern Indian Art and Music 5.03. Indian plays and cinemas. 5.04. The growth of new sports – Hockey, Cricket, football. 	12	1	
Total Contact Hours	6:	5	

Subramanian, Lakshmi.(2010). History of India, 1707-1857, Orient BlackSwan.

Bayly, C.A. (1990). Indian Society and the Making of British Empire, Cambridge University Press.

Dalmia, Vasudha. (2008). Orienting India, European Knowledge formation in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth centuries, Three Essay Collective.

Chatterjee, Suhas.(1989). The Raj Syndrome: A Study in Imperial Perceptions, New Century Publications; 1 edition (1 January 2003).

O'Leary, Brendan. (1989). The Asiatic Mode of Production: Oriental Despotism, Historical Materialism and Indian History, Oxford Basil Blackwell.

Stokes, Eric . (1959), English Utilitarians and India, Oxford.

Thapar, Romila, Interpreting Early India, Delhi, 1999. Oxford University Press.

S Cohn, Bernard.(1996). Colonialism and its Form of Knowledge, Princeton University Press.

Mukherjee, S.N., Sir William Jones: A Study in Eighteenth-Century British Attitudes to India, Bombay, Orient Longman.

Majeed, Javed. (1992). Ungoverned Imaginings: James Mill's The History of British India and Orientalism, Oxford:Clarendon Press.

King, Richard. (1999). Orientalism and Religion: Postcolonial Theory, India and 'The Mystic East', OUP.

Kopf, David. (1969). British Orientalism and Indian Renaissance: the Dynamics of Indian Modernisation 1773-1835, University of California Press.

Kejariwal, O.P. (1988). The Asiatic Society of Bengal and the Discovery of India's Past 1784-1838, Delhi, Oxford University Press..

S Dodson, Michael. (2010) Orientalism, empire and National Culture: India, 1770-1880 Delhi, Foundation Books.

Bongard-Levin, G.M. and .A. Vigasin, (1984). The Image of India: The Study of Ancient Indian Civilisation in the USSR.

Metcalf, Thomas R. (1987). *Ideologies of the Raj*, Cambridge, 1987. Cambridge University Press Singhs, Radhika.(1998). Despotism of law: Crime and Justice in Early Colonial India.OUP

Lloyd, Tom. (2006). 'Acting in the Theatre of Anarchy': The Anti- Thug Campaign and Elaborations of

Colonial Rule in Early Nineteenth-Century India' Edinburg paper in South Asian Studies 19.

. (2008). 'Thugee, Marginality and the State Effect in Colonial India circa 1770-1840,' Indian Economic & Social History Review 45(2).

Jones, Kenneth .(1984) Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India Cambridge University

Press.

Rosaline, O Hanlon. (1985). Caste Conflict and Ideology: Mahatma Jotirao Phule and Low caste Protest In Nineteenth-Century Western India, Cambridge University Press.

Omvedt, Gait. (1994). Dalits and the Democratic Revolution:Dr Ambedkar and the Dalit movement in Colonial India, Sage.

B. Dirks, Nicholas. (2001) Caste of Mind Princeton University press.

Ranjan Mani, Bra.(2005). Debrahmanism History, Manorhar.

Banerjee, Ishta Dube. (2008). Caste in History, OUP.

Majumadar, R.C.(1965). British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance, Bombay: B.V.B.

Divekar, V.D. (ed) (1992). Soial Reform Movements in India: A Historical perspective, Bombay:Popular Prakashan.

Sarkar, Sumit and Tanikar. (2008). Women and Social Reform in odern India: A Rader, Indiana University Press.

Futchs, Martin and Dalmia, Vasudha. (ed) (2019). Religious Interactions in Modern India, OUP.

Ahmed, Azid (1967). Islamic Movements in India and Pakistan 1857-1964, London.

Lelyveld, David. (1978). Aligarh's First generation: Muslim Solidarity in British India, Princeton.

Metcalf, Barbara. (1982). Islamic Revival in British Dndia Deoband 1860-1900, Princeton.

Singh, Teja. (1922). The Gurudwara Reform Movement and the Sikh Awakening, Punjab: Desh Sewak Book Agency.

M.Ringer, Monica. (2011). *Pious Citizens: Reforming Zoroastrianism in India and Iran* Syracuse, New York: Syracuse University Press.

Joshi, Sanjay. (2010) ed. The Middle Class in Colonial India Oxford University Press.

Jodhka, Surender. (2016) The Indian Middle Class, New Delhi: OUP.

Misr,a B. B. (1979). The Indian Middle Classes: Their Growth In Modern Times, Oxford University Press.

Gauri Vishwanathan. (2015, reprint). Masks of Conquest: Literary Study and British Rule in India Columbia University Press.

Teltscher, Kate. (1995). India Inscribed, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Panikar K.N. (2007). Colonialism Culture and Resistance, OUP.

Saran, Renu. (2012). History of Indian Cenema, Diamond Books.

Guha, Ramachandra. (2006). A corner of a foreign Field: The Indian History of a British Sport, Penguin, new edition.

Majumdar Boria. (2006). Illustrated History of Indian Cricket, Lustre.

Sarkar, Sumit .(2015). Modern Times, Permanent Black.

Gosh, Suresh Chandra. (2013) History of Education in Modern India, Orient Blackswan Reprint Fourth edition

Sinha, Gayatri. (2003). (ed). Indian Art: An Overview, Rupa.

. (2009). Art and Visual Culture in India 1857-2007, Marg.

Singh, Lata. (2009).ed. Theatre in colonial India: Play-house of Power Oxford University Press.

Paul Dimeo and James Mills, (2013) eds. Soccer in South Asia, Routledge Abingdon.

Karlekar, Malavika. (2013). Visual Histories: Photography in the Visual Imagination, Oxford University Press.

Dissanayake ,W and Singh,K.M. Gokul. (2004). Indian Popular Cenema, Trentham Books.

Oberoi, P. (2009). Freedom and Destiny: Gender and Popular Culture in India. Delhi.

Basu, Aparna The Growth of Education and Political Development in Modern India, 1858 1920.

Learning Outcomes:

After learning the course, the students will be able to

- Comprehend the social structure of Indian society
- Have knowledge on the British perception on India society and the numerous efforts invested by their agency in understanding the Indian society.
- Enhance the learner's knowledge on the roles of Indian intelligentsia in respond to the British colonial state.
- Gain knowledge on the development of education, press, literature, painting, and sport in India and the popular culture of modern Indian society.

SEMESTER-I

Course code : 104.1

Course Title : State and State Formation in North East India (Pre-Colonial)

Nature of the Course : DSE

Credit : 4x1=4

Objectives:

The objective of the course is to

- Acquaint the students with the knowledge of the state and state polity of this part of India in the pre British times.
- It also aims to create in them an urge of inquiry into the past history of this region in order to make them understand its present polity and society.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents:

	Торіс	Cı	redit
Unit 1	•	lecture	Tutorial
1.1. 1.2. 1.3. 1.4.	Sources and approaches Geographical Setting, Migration and Settlement Pattern. The Kamarupa State Polity and Administration :Interactions with Neighbouring Polities	3 3 3 3	2
Unit-	П		
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	Socio-political background of 13 th century Assam and advent of the Ahoms . Expansion of the Ahom State : 16 th and 17 th Century Ahom and Mughal Political Relations Ahom State and Relationship with Hill Areas	3 3 3 3	2
Unit-	III		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Chutiya State Formation Dimacha State Formation: Phases and Transformation Koch Kingdom Chieftains, Principalities and Communities	3 3 3 3	2
Unit-	IV		
4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Nature and Theory of Kingship Ahom administrative structure Crisis of the Ahom State: Moamoria Uprisings Burmese Invasion and Colonial Penetration	3 3 3 3	2
UNIT	·V.		
5.1 5.2 5.3	Manipur State Jayantiya State Tripura State	4 4 4	2

Barua K.L : Early History of Kamarupa

Baruah, S.L. : Last Days of the Ahom Monarch: A Comprehensive History of Assam

Barpujari, H.K. Ed. : The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. I, II.

Bhattacharjee, J.B. : State and Wealth: The Early States in North East India

: Bhauma – Naraka Legend and State Formation in

Pragiyotisa- Komura Social and Polity Formations in Pre-Colonial North-

East India

Bhattacharjee, J.B.& Syiemlieh, D.: Early States in North East India

Choudhury, P.C. : History of Civilization of the People of Assam to the

Twelfth Century A.D.

Devi. L. : Ahom Tribal Relations

Guha, Amalendu: Medieval and Early Colonial Assam: Society, Polity and

Economy

Kamei. G: From Tribalism to Feudalism: Evolution of the Meitei State in Manipur

Lahiri, Nayanjot : Pre- Ahom Assam Pre Colonial Period, Delhi 1991

Nath, D. : History of the Koch Kingdom, Mittal, Delhi 1989

Learning outcome:

After going through this course the student will be able to understand:

- Emergence of states such as Kamarupa, Ahom, Kachari, Chutia, and Koch states in the valley.
- Emergence of the Manipur, Jayantia and Tripura states of the North east.
- The nature of these states and state formation process in North east India.

SEMESTER-I

Course code : 104.2

Course Title : Political History of Assam: 1826 – 1947

Nature of the Course: DSE

Credit : 4x1=4

Objectives:

The objective of the course is to:

- Give an understanding on the circumstances that led to colonial takeover of political power from the native rulers.
- Discuss administrative reforms introduced to suit the purpose of colonial requirements. It would connect
 colonial policies with the tribes of the Northeast Frontiers of India and emergence of new political
 parties.
- throw light on the impact of the world wars and other international developments in Assam would be dealt with.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents:

Topic		Lectures	Tutorial
Unit- I			
1.01:	Sources and application	3	2
1.02:	Political condition in Assam on the eve of the British rule.	3	
1.03:	Establishment and Consolidation of the British rule – Reforms and		
	Reorganizations- the role of David Scott, Robertson and Jenkins.	4	
1.04:	Early phase of Revolts and Resistance to British rule- Gomdhar		
	Konwar, Piyali Phukan, U.Tirut Singh, the Khamti and the Singpho	2	
	rebellion		
Unit-II:			
2.01:	Expansion of the British Rule in Assam – Annexation of Cachar,	3	2
	Matak, North Cachar Hills and the Jayantia state		
2.02:	The 1857 Revolt in Assam and its aftermath	3	
2.03:	Frontier administration - Colonial penetration in Lakhimpur,		
	Balipara and Sadiya frontiers- Inner Line and NEFA		
		3	
2.04	Colonial survey works in NEFA- Pemberton, Meckenzie and J.P.		

	Wades accounts		
		3	
Unit-I	II:		
			2
3.01:	Growth of national consciousness – Assam Association, Sarbajanik Sabhas, and the Rayat Sabhas	3	
3.02:	Partition of Bengal – Swadeshi and Boycott Movement in Assam. Growth of Revolutionary Terrorism.	3	
3.03:	Growth of Students movements in Assam - Indian Councils Act of 1892 and its impact on Assam politics	3	
3.04:	Assam after Morley –Minto Reforms- Swadeshi Movement in Assam	3	
Unit –I			
4.01:	Impact of the World War I in Assam Government of India Act 1919- Dyarachy- colonial intervention in tribal politics	3	2
4.02:	Non-cooperation Movement- Swarajist politics- Simon		
	Commission- repercussion in Assam	3	
4.03:	Civil Disobedience Movement- Cunningham circular- Local Self	3	
	Government in Assam.	3	
4.04:	Introduction of Line system and its impact		
Unit-V	7.		
5.01:		3	2
3.01.	Rise of the Left Parties - Emergence of new political parties		_
5.02:	Immigration Question and Muslim Politics.	3	
5.02:	_		
3.03.	Assam politics	3	
5.04	Cabinet Mission Plan and the Grouping Controversy – the Sylhet		
3.04.	Referendum	3	

Barpujari, H. K	: Assam in the Days of the Company. 1963
,	: (ed) Francis Jenkins Report on the North- East Frontier of

-----, : (ed) Political History of Assam, Vol. I. 1990

———, : (ed) The Comprehensive History Of Assam, Vols. IV & V. 1990

Barua, Swarnalata : A Comprehensive History of Assam. 1985

Pemberton, R.B. : Report on the Eastern Frontiers of Assam

Bhuyan, S.K. : Early British Relations with Assam, 2013

Bhuyan, A.C and : (ed) Political History of Assam, Vols. II & III.

De, S.

Bhuyan, A.C : (ed) Nationalist Upsurge in Assam, 2000

Bora .S. : Student Revolution in Assam, 1992

Chakravarti, B. C: British Relations with the Hill Tribes of Assam. 1964

Dutta, Anuradha : Assam in the Freedom Movement, 1991

Guha, Amalendu : Planters Raj to Swaraj, Freedom Struggle and Electoral Politics in

Assam, 2014

Lahiri, R.M : Annexation of Assam, 1975

Saikia, Arupiyoti : A Century of Protests: Peasant Politics in Assam since 1900, 2015

Barpujari, H.K. : Problems of the Hills Tribes, 1981

Bhuyan, B.C : Political Developments of North East India, 1989

Bose, M.L. : Historical and Constitutional Documents of North East India, 1997

Reid, Robert : Years of Change in Bengal and Assam, 1966

Elwin, Verrier : India's North East Frontiers, 2018

Rao, Venkata V. : A Hundred Years of Local Self Government in Assam, 1967

A. Mackenzie : North –east Frontiers of India, 1995

Milton S. Sangma : Essays on North-east India, 1994

Learning outcome

- Understanding British colonial interest in the province of Assam.
- It would deal with the process of colonial penetration in the eastern frontiers of Assam.
- Assembly politics in Assam and the process of Indianisation in the institutions of Assam.
- Understand the impact of national movement in the politics of Assam.

Semester-I

Course Code : 105.1

Course Title : The State in India (Pre-Colonial Period)

Nature of the Course : DSE Distribution of Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

- To develop understanding of the complex processes of state formation in India in historical perspective
- To develop understanding of the different approaches and explanations of state formation process in
- To develop understanding of the changing administrative systems in the socio-economic contexts.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course Contents

Topic		
	Lecture	e/ Tutorial
	12	2
Unit- I		
State formation in early India:		
1.01: Sources and Approaches: Oriental Despotism, Conventional model		
of State formation, Feudal State, Segmentary State and Integrative		
model of State Formation		
1.02 Patrimonial and Bureaucratic State in Medieval India		
1.02: Polity in the Vedic Period; the importance of Sabha, Samity and		
Vidhata		
1.03: Early territorial states: Janapadas and Mahajanapadas		

 Unit- II 2.01: Mauryan State: Emergence of Magadh as Imperial State 2.02: Indo-Greeks and the Kushana State: Polity and Administration 2.03: State Formation in Central India and in the Deccan: Satavahanas and Western Khatrapas; 2.04: Gupta State System: Political consolidation — Extent and Structure 	10	2
Unit- III 3.01: Growth of Feudal Political Structures in Post- Gupta period in North India 3.02: Structure of polity in Early medieval period 3.03: Early State Formation in the South: Sangam Age, Pallavas. 3.04: The Chola state	11	2
Unit-IV The Indo-Islamic States (the Delhi Sultanate and the Mughal state) 4.01: Issues of legitimacy (rituals & symbols). 4.02: Theories of kingship. 4.03: The ruling/pressure groups (mamluks, amirs, ulema, sufis, mansabdars) 4.04: Institutions of governance (iqta, mansab, jagir, madad-i mash grants).	10	2
UNIT V. 5.1: 5.2: The Vijayanagar & the Bahmani state. 5.3: The Maratha state and the "Successor" states (Hyderabad, Awadh, and Bengal). 5.03 The Decline of The Mughal Empire - debate 5.4: The 18 th century debate.	12	2

Sharma, R.S. : Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India, New Delhi,

: India's Ancient Past 2005

: Indian Feudalism, Reprint, New Delhi,

: The State and Varna Formation in the Mid Gangetic Plains, An Ethno-Archaeological View, 1996

Tiams, An Lumo-Archaeological view, 17.

Stein, B : State and Society in South India, 1990

Thapar, R :Early India; from the origin to 1300 A.D,2001

: Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Reprint, New Delhi,

: From Lineage to State, New Delhi, 1984

: Interpreting Early India, 1996

Mukharjee, B.N. : The Rise and fall of the Kushana Empire, New Delhi,

Raychoudhury,H : Political History of Ancient India

Ray, Kumkum : The Emergence of Monarchy in North India Shastri,K.A.Nilakanta : A History of South India, New Delhi, 2002 Singh, Upinder : A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India

Alam, Muzaffar, :The Languages of Political Islam, (Delhi:PermanentBlack, 2004). Alam Muzaffar and Sanjay Subramaniam (eds.),: The Mughal State (New Delhi, 1998)

Alavi Seema(ed.), The Eighteenth Century in India (New Delhi: 2008) Athar Ali,M: Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb (New Delhi: 1997) Bhargava, Meena(ed) The Decline of the Mughal Empire (New Delhi 2014)

Chattopadhyaya, B.D The Making of Early Medieval India, (Delhi: OUP, 1997 reprint)

Gordon, S, The New Cambridge History of India: The Marathas 1600-1818,(C U P, New

Delhi.1998)

Habib, Irfan, Essays in Indian History: Towards a Marxist Perspective, (New Delhi: Tulika, 1995)

Karashima, Noboru, History and Society in South India

Kulke, Hermann(ed) The State in India (1000-1700) (OUP, 1995)

Kumar, Sunil, Emergence of the Delhi Sultanate, (Delhi: Permanent Black, 2007)

Mukhia, Harbans, The Mughals (Delhi: 2009)

: Medieval India: Essays in the History of India, 1200-1750 (New Delhi: 1999)

.

Learning outcome:

• The students will develop grasps over the concepts and approaches of state formation process in India. The course will develop a critical aptitude to understand the political ideas and institutions in India in historical perspective. It will also help them to locate the interface in between the political processes with religious and cultural practices across time.

Semester- I

Course No : 105.2

Course Title : Constitutional History of India

Course Nature : DSE

Total Credit : 4x1=4

Objectives: To understand how the colonial government took over the governance of India from the

traditional medieval system and implanted its administrative machinery in India. It would cover various political and administrative reforms responding to the demands of Indian

national leaders

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents:

	Unit	Lecture	Tutorial
Unit I:			2
i.	Regulating Act of 1773,	2	
ii.	Pitts India Act of 1784	2	
iii.	Cornwallis Code of 1793	2	
iv.	Charter Act 1833 – First Law Commission	2	
	and Lex Loci Report	2	
V.	Charter Act 1853- Law Commissions	2	
Unit II:			2
i.	Govt of India Act 1858- Background –	3	
ii.	provisions Indian Council Act 1861- Background- provisions- Demands for constitutional	3	
iii.	reforms Indian Council Act 1909- Morley Minto Reforms- Provisions merits and demerits	3	

Unit III :			2
i.	.Government of India Act of 1919-		
	background- Montague –Chelmsford	4	
	Reforms-Dyarchy-effects in Indian system		
	of governance – merits and demerits		
ii.	Statutory Law Commission- provisions		
	and demerits	2	
iii.	Reform Act- Irwin Declaration	2	
iv.	Government of India Act 1935-	4	
	Background- Important features- Central	1	
	Legislatures – Constituent Assembly		
Unit IV:			2
i.	.Wavell Plan- August offer- objectives and	3	
	provisions		
ii.	Cripps mission objectives and provisions		
iii.	Cabinet mission- objectives and	2	
	provisions	3	
Unit V:			2
i.	Background of Indian Independence Act	3	
	1947- provisions of the Act	3	
ii.	Constituent Assembly of India-		
;;;	Composition Constituent development of Jammy and	3	
iii.	Constituent development of Jammu and Kashmir – historical background -		
	provisions		
	ριστισίοιο	4	

1. Chandra, Bipan: Essays on Colonialism

2. Bhagvan, V: Constitutional History of India

3. Jain, M.P: Indian Legal and Constitutional History

4. Noorani, A.G.: A Constitutional History of of Jammu and Kashmir

5. Anand, A.S.: The Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir

6. Gellner, Ernest: Nation and Nationalism

7. Sarkar, Sumit: Modern India- 1885-1947

8. Banerjee, S.N: A Nation in Making

9. Mehrotra, S.N.: Emergence of Indian National Congress

10. Grover, B.L.: British Policy Towards Indian Nationalism, 1885- 1909

11. Low, D.A.: Civil Martial Law: The Government of India and the Civil

Disobedience Movement 1930-34

12. Coupland, R: Indian Politics

13. Lappiere, Collins: Mountbatten and Partition of India, 1993

14. Gopalan, S: British Policy in India

15. Moore, R.J.: Churchill, Cripps and India

16. Lawrence, James: The Raj: Making and Unmaking of British India

Learners' outcome:

Provide wider historical understanding on the constitutional developments in India under the colonial system

emester-I

Course No. : 106. 2 Title of the Course : Epigraphy

Nature of the course : AEC

Credit : 2x1=2

Objective:

The objective of the course is to

- Introduce the students with the elements of epigraphy in India and their use in historical reconstruction evolution of Indian scripts throughout the period
- Their decipherment in the colonial period to be dealt with discussion on different types of inscriptions with close reading of some selected inscriptions will be the prime concern of this course.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents

Unit I		L	T
1.01	Epigraphy: meaning and scope; the role and potential of epigraphic evidence in historical reconstruction	3	
1.02	The decipherment of ancient scripts and the evolution of epigraphic research in India- Harappan script, Brahmi and Kharosthi	3	2
1.03	Stages of evolution of Brahmi up to Nagari	3	
1.04	Asokan Inscriptions	3	
Unit II			

2.01	inscription	ng and interpreting inscriptions: edicts, eulogistic ns or <i>prasasti</i> s, votive inscriptions, donative or land criptions, records	4	2
2.02	Close read i. ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vii. viii. ix. x. xi. xii. xi	ding of the following inscriptions: Rock edict VIII of Asoka Rummindei Pillar Inscription of Asoka Hathigumpha inscription of Kharavela Allahabad Pillar inscription of Samudragupta Junagarh Rock inscription of Rudradaman Aihole inscription of Pulakesin II Piprahwa vase inscription Besnagar Garuda Pillar inscription of Hellodorus Nidhanpur Copper Plates of Bhaskaravarman Kamauli grant of Vaidyadeva Palam baoli inscription Kanai Barasi Bowa Rock Inscription, 1127 saka Assam Medieval Inscriptions	14	

A.H.Dani, *Indian Epigraphy*, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1986 D.C.Sircar, *Indian Epigraphy*, MotilalBanarsidass, New Delhi, 1965

Inscriptions of Ashoka, 1975

G.Buhler, Indian Paleography, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1904

M.M.Sharma, Inscriptions of Ancient Assam, Gauhati University, 1978

M.Neog, Prachyasasanavali, Publication Board Assam, 1985

D.Sarma, Kamarupasasanvali, Publication Board Assam, 1982

R.Chanda, *Date of Votive Inscriptions in the Stupas of Sanchi*, University of Michigan Library, 1919 Romila Thapar, *Asoka and the Decline of the Mouryas*, Oxford, 1973

Learner's Outcome: After completion of the course, the students will be able to know

- Different types of inscriptions of India
- Indian scripts and their decipherment
- Use of inscriptions in historical reconstruction in India

Semester-I

Course code : 106.1
Course Title : Archive

Nature of the Course: AEC

Credit : 2x1=1

Course objectives:

The aim of the course is to

- Familiarize the students with the concept of archives and the importance of archives to the discipline of history
- Acquaint the student with the latest research technology development in the field of archival records and the way they have altered to our understanding of the history
- Examines the way in which the past is narrated, recorded and remembered.
- Explore how societies produce authoritative historical narratives about their past. How does power operative in the making and recording of history. Whose stories are told and whose are silenced.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar/Field visit

Course Contents:

Topic	Credit		
	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical
Unit-I	16	2	4
1.01: Defining Archives, Characteristics of Archives			
1.02: Types of Archival collections: State, institutional, family, industrial, religious, military			
1.03: History of the setting up of archives: origin and development of archives in India			
1.04: Digital Archives			

Unit-II			
2.01 Writing and Documentations, Preservations of records, manuscript	16	2	4
2.02. Archives as an institution of social memory, history and experience			
2.03 The Colonial Archives			
2.04 Collecting, Taxonomy, objectification			
Total Contact Hours		45	1

Gosh, Sailen, Archives in India, Firma, L.K. Mukhopadhay, 1963.

Brooks, Philip C, Research in Archives, University of Chicago Press, 1969

Stefan Berger, Felner and Passnore (ed), writing History: Theory and Practice, Bloomsbury Press.

Millar, Laura, Archives: Principles and Practices, Neelschuman publishers, 2010

Steedman, Caroline, Dust: The Archive and Cultural History Manchester University Press,2002

Le Goff, Jacques, History and Memory, Columbia university press, 1986

Troullot, Michel Roph, Silencing the Past Power and Production of History, Beacon Press 1995

Ginzburg, Carlo, Clues, Myth and the Historical Methods, John Hopkin University Press, 1992

Stoler, Ann, Along the Archival Grain: Epistemic Anxieties and Colonial Common Sense, 2009

Cohn, Barnard, *The Anthropologist Among Historians and Other Essays*, Oxford University Press, 2010 Guha, Ranajit, *The Small Voice of History*, Permanent Black, 2010

Ridener, J, From Foiders to Post Modernism: A Concise history of Archival Theory, LLC: Litwin Books, 2009

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi, Achiving the British Raj: History of Archival policy of the Government of India (1858-1947), 2018, OUP.

Learning outcome:

After completion of the course the learners:

- Will have fair understanding about the archival records and enhances their knowledge on the development of archive in India.
- Also learn the new technology development in the field of archival record, forms of archives and enhances their knowledge in their field of research.
- Will acquire knowledge on the role of archives as an institution in documenting the social memory and producing history.

Semester-II

Course code : 201

Course Title : Economic History of Early India (up to 1200 AD)

Nature of the course: Core
Credit: 4x1=4

Objectives of the Course

The objective of the course is to

- Acquaint the students with the development of Indian economy up to the 12th century CE.
- Different aspects of early Indian economy i.e. agriculture, trade, urbanization, the use of coins and their process of evolution throughout the period are the area of discussion in this paper. In chronological terms, the developments from pre-historic times to the early medieval period will be discussed.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents:

Topic		Lecture	Tutorial
Unit- I			
1.01:	Historiography of Early Indian economic history	3	2
1.02:	Beginning of agriculture in the sub-continent-Neolithic and Chalcolithic periods	3	
1.03:	Stages of development: technology and method of irrigation.	3	
1.04:	Land system: Ownership Patterns, Land Revenue and Land grants	3	
Unit-II:			
2.01:	Development of Trade and Commerce: Stages of growth	2	2
2.02:	Internal Trade: Trade Routes and Trading Communities	2	
2.03:	Silk Road and its significance	3	
2.04:	External Trade: Trade with Roman Empire, Chinese and South	3	

East Asian countries		
Unit-III:		
3.01: First Urbanization: Indus Valley Civilization, Decline of Urban Pattern	3	2
3.02: Development of urbanization in the Gangetic valley,	3	
3.03: Cities in Early India; Changing patterns of Urbanization in Early India	2	
3.04: Debates of De-urbanization in Early medieval India.	2	
Unit –IV:		
4.01: Development of monetized economy	2	2
4.02: Punch marked coins, Indo-Greek, Saka and Kushana	3	
coins, Roman coins in India		
4.03: Gupta coins, Post Gupta coins	3	
4.04: Paucity of coins in Early Medieval period.	2	
Unit-V:		
5.01: Transition to Early Medieval Period, Development of	3	2
feudal Mode of production		
5.02: D.D.Kasambi : Feudalism from above and feudalism from below;	2	
5.03: Thesis on Indian feudalism: R.S.Sharma, D.N.Jha	3	
5.04: The Feudalism Debate in Indian History-H.Mukhia, B.D.Chattopadhyaya	4	

Alchin and Alchin : The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan, 1982

Agrawala, V.S : India as Known to Panini, 1953

Banga, I. : The City in Indian History, 1991

Champakalakshmi, R. : Trade, Ideology and Urbanization in South India 300BC

To 1300, 1996

Chakravarty, R. : (ed.) Trade in Early India, Oxford, 2004

Trade and Traders in Early Indian Society, 2007

Chautopadhyay B.D. : The Making of Early Medieval India, 2000

Chakravarty, D.K. : India: An Archaeological History, New Delhi, 1999

David R. Harris. :The Origins and Spread of Agriculture and Pastoralism in Eurasia, 1996.

Gupta, P.L. : Coins, 1978

Gurukkal, R. : Rethinking Classical Indo-Roman Trade: Political Economy of Eastern

Mediterranean Exchange Relations, 2016

: History of Kerala: Prehistoric to Present, 2018

Ghosh, A. : The City in Early Historical India, 1973

Habib, I. : Prehistory, 2002

The Harappan Civilization, 2003

Post-Mouryan India: A Political and Economic History, 2013

Technology in Medieval India, 2008

Habib, I. & V.K.Thakur The Vedic Age, 2003

K.M.Shrimali The Age of Iron and the Religious Revolution, 2007

Hansen, V. : Silk Road: A New History, 2012

Jha, D. N. : Economy and Society in Early India, 1993

: Feudal Order, Society and Ideology In Early Medieval India, 2000

Kosambi, D.D : An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, 1956

:The Culture and Civilization of Ancient India in Historical Outline, 1956

Liu. Xinru :Ancient India and Ancient China (Trade and Religious Exchanges), 1988

: Silk Road in Indian History, Oxford, 2010

Lallanji, Gopal : The Economic Life of Northern India (c. AD 700-1200) 1965

Lahiri, N. : The Archaeology of Indian Trade Routes up to C.200 BC, 1992

Mukherjee, B.N. : The Rise and Fall of the Kushana Empire, 1989

Mukhia, H (ed) : The Feudalism Debate, 2001

Matichandra : Trade and Trade Routes in Ancient India, 1977

Maity, S. K : Economic Life of Northern India in the Gupta Period, 1957

Ratnagar. S : The End of the Great Harappan Tradition, 2000

: Understanding Harappa, 2001

Rangarajan, L.N. : Kautilya: The Arthasastra, 1992

Ray, H.P. :The Winds of Change: Buddhism and Maritime Links in Early South Asia, 1994

Sahoo,B. P (ed) : Land System and Rural Society in Early India, 1997

: (ed.) Iron and Social Change in Early India, 2006

Singh, U. : A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India, 2008

Sharma, R. S: Indian Feudalism, 1980

: Urban Decay in India, 1987

: Early Medieval Indian Society, A study in

Feudalisation, 2001

: Material Culture Social Formation in Ancient India, 1983

:The State and Varna Formations in the Mid-Ganga Plains. An Ethno-

archaelogical View, 1996.

Thapar Romila (ed); : Recent Perspectives of Early Indian History, 1995

Thakur, V.K. : Urbanization in Ancient India, 1981

Warmington, E. H. : The Commerce between the Roman Empire and India, 1974

Learner's outcome

After going through this course the students will be able to

- Understand the development and expansion of agriculture in Indian subcontinent from the pre-historic times
- Know the various phases of urbanization in early India
- Understand the internal and external trading activities in early India
- Identify the early medieval Indian economy and the feudalism debate

Semester-II

Course code : 202

Course Title : Economic History of Medieval India 1200 AD-1750

Nature of the course : Core

Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

The objectives of the course are:

• To understand economic processes and their impact upon the socio-political developments.

- The paper also seeks to critically understand the debate regarding various modes of production in the context of medieval India.
- The paper also focuses on maritime history of India and tries to understand Indian history in a global perspective.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course Contents

Topic		Credi	t
Unit- I		Lecture	Tutorial
	1.01: Agranian economy under the Delhi Sultanate: land, means of production, agricultural produces 1.02: Agrarian relations, land assignments, land revenue assessment and collection 1.03: Non-agrarian production and urban economy	3 3	1+1
UNIT-	1.04: Fiscal and market reform policies under the Khaljis and the Tughlaqs.	3	
			1+1
2.01:	The System of Agricultural production under the mughals: Extent of Cultivation, Means of Cultivation and Irrigation,	3	171
2.02:	Crops. Agrarian Relations- Land ownership, Peasants and rural	3	

intermediaries. 2.03: The Land Revenue: survey and measurement, Assignment and revenue grants, methods of Revenue Assessment and collection, nature and magnitude of taxation.	3	
2.04: Changing patterns of land revenue and its regional variations (Bengal and Deccan)		
Unit-III		
 3.01: Inland and maritime trade, Trade routes and means of transport, volume of trade, items of trade, markets. 3.02: Trading communities: Indian merchants and non-Indian traders 3.03: European trading companies 3.04: Banking and commercial practices: indigenous methods, Medium of exchange, currency system and coinage. 	3 3 3 3	1+1
Unit-IV		
	3	1+1
4.01: Urbanization: Growth of cities and towns. 4.02: Nature and classification towns.	3	
4.03: Demographic changes, urban administration, urban communities.	3	
4.04: Morphology of a medieval city: ideological and symbolic importance (Dehli, Agra, Shahjahanabad)	3	
UNIT- V		
5.01: Agro industries and non-agro industries. (textile, metal, food items, construction) 5.02: Artisans, mercantile groups and their role in production.	4	1+1
5.03: Organization of production- <i>Karkhana</i> , <i>Dadni</i> .	3	
5.04: Role of caste system in organization of production.	3	

Ashraf, K.M. : Life and Conditions of the people of Hindustan

(1200-1550 AD) Delhi, 1970

Banga, Indu, : (ed), The city in Indian History: Urban Demography, Society and Politics Delhi,

1991

Chandra, S : Medieval India. Vols-I & II

-----, : Assays on Medieval Indian History, Delhi 2005

Chaudhuri, K.N : Trade and Civilization in the Indian Ocean: An Economic History from the

Rise of Islam to 1750 Delhi, 1985.

: Agrarian System of Mughal India,1526-1707 Mumbai,1963

Chicherov, A.V. : India Economic Development in the 16th to 18th Centuries,

Moscow, 1971.

Chitnis K.N – : Socio-Economic History of Medieval India, New Delhi, 1990.

Habib, I : The Agrarian System of Mughal India. 1556-1707 new Delhi (12th

impression) 2011

: Technology in Medieval India c. 650-1750,AHS2008

Kulshreshtha S.S.- : The Development of Trade and Industry Under

the Mughals, 1526-1707, Allahabad, 1964.

Moosvi, Shireen, : Economy of the Mughal Empire: A Statistical

Study Aligarh, 1987.

Moreland, W.H : The Agrarian System of Moslem India Cambridge, 1929
Naqvi, H.K. : Urbanization and Urban Centers under the Great Mughals,

1556-1707 Simla, 1971.

Richards, J.F. : (ed), The Imperial Monetary System of Mughal India Delhi,1987.

____, : New Cambridge History of India: The Mughal Empire Delhi, 1993.

Rahman, A : History of Indian science, Technology and Culture AD 1000-1800 Vol.-III

New Delhi 2000

Raychaudhury, Tapan &

Habib Irfan (ed) : The Cambridge Economic History of India, vol.1. Subramanyam, S : Money and the Market in India, 1100-1700.

Learners' outcome:

After completion of the course, a student will be able:

- To understand agrarian economy of medieval India.
- To understand non-agricultural sector of economy.
- To understand the processes of commodity production and distributions through various trading networks.
- To critically evaluate the influence of economic processes upon the society.

Semester-II

Course code : 203

Course Title : Economic History of Modern India: 1757 -1947

Nature of the course: Core
Credit: 4x1=4

Course Objectives:

This paper aims to acquaint the students the different forces, factors and process of transitions that India underwent during the Colonial period. These changes fundamentally changed the nature of the Indian economy and its impacts can be seen even at the present time.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents:

Topic	Credit	
Unit- I	lecture	Tutorial
Colonialism		1
1.01. The Transitional Debate & the Great Divergence		
1.02. The Eighteenth Century Debate		
1.03. Understanding Colonialism: Theories of Colonialism - the	12	
Historiographical issues- the different schools of the Indian History		
1.04. The Colonial Legacy		
Unit- II		
Introducing Colonialism in Land:	12	1
2.01. Agriculture in Pre-Colonial India- Self Sufficiency vs. Market		
2.02. Introduction of the New Land Revenue system- Permanent,		
Mahalwari		
and Ryotwari The growth of the Land Market		
2.03: Seeking alternatives - The Commercialization of Agriculture-		
A Tribute to		

Drain?		
2.04: Impacts of the Commercialization of Agriculture on the Indian		
Economy-		
Specialization of Agriculture and growth of the Labour		
Market		
Unit- III		
Colonialism and its impacts on the Market Economy:	12	1
3.01: The growth of the Urban Economy- Changes in the		
occupational structure		
3.02: De-Industrialization- Myth or Reality?		
3.03: Emergence of the Large Scale Industries- cotton and Steel and		
their survival against the colonial policies of protection of the British		
Industries		
3.04: British Trade policies in India - Imperialism of Free Trade?		
Unit- IV		
Towards a New Economy	12	1
4.01: Famines and the British colonial state- a brief survey of the		
major famines of the 19 th century		
4.02: Development of new Irrigation system and its impacts		
4.03: Growth of the new Infrastructures'- the Railways, Roads and		
Steamers		
4.04: Labour migrations		
UNIT V.		
Money and Industry	11	1
5.01: British control of India's credit and Monetary system-		
Development of		
Fiscal policies		
5.02: Banking- The Agency Houses-Growth of Indigenous Banking-		
Presidency		
Banks and the Evolution of the Reserve Bank of India		
5.03: Emergence of the Indian Capitalist Class		
5.04: Growth of the Industrial Labour sand the Trade Union		
Movements		

Pomeranz, Kenneth: The Great Divergence, China, Europe and the Making of the Modern World Economy

Marshall P.J. (Ed): The Eighteenth Century in Indian History Evolution or Revolution (Themes in Indian History)

Bayly, C. A: Rulers, Townsmen and Bazars: North Indian Society in the Age of British Expansion, 1770-1870

Bhattacharya, Neeladri: The Agrarian Conquest: The Colonial Reshaping of a Rural World

Bhattacharya, S. (Ed): Essays in Modern Economic History

Kumar, Dharma (Ed): The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol.II

Chandra, Bipan: The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India

Habib, Irfan: Indian Economy, 1858-1914

Roy, Tirthankar: The Economic History of India

Roy, Tirthankar: A Business History of India

Goswami, Omkar: Goras and the Desis, Managing Agencies and the Making of Corporate India

Debroy Bibek: Indian Railways, the Weaving of a National Tapestry

learning outcomes:

• The students will comprehend the broad economic system of India during the colonial period

• the nature of the economic system and the transition and changes

Semester-II

Course code : 204.1

Course Title : Society, Culture and Economy of Assam: From Earliest Time to

1228

Nature of the course: DSE

Credit : 4x1=4

Course Objectives

The basic objective of this course is

• To study the Society, Culture and Economy of Assam from Earliest Time to 1228.

• It deals with the issues like early formations in Assam, Social Life, Pattern of Society, Sanskritization and development of Caste System, Land System, Socio-economic & political impact of land ownership, Agrarian Economy, technology and mode of cultivation and produces, Non-Agricultural Productions and Religious Beliefs and Practices in ancient Assam.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic		lit
Unit I	Lecture	Tutorial
1.01: Sources and Approaches	3	1
1.02: Early Formations in Assam: The Doiyang-Dhansiri Valley	3	1
1.03 : The Kapili Valley	2	
1.04: The Brahmaputra Valley	3	1
Unit II:		
2.01: Social Life, Pattern of Society	3	1
2.02: Sanskritization and development of Caste System, impact on	4	1
society	3	
2.03: Social Classes and Occupational Groups	2	1
2.04: Material Conditions- Food, Dress, Education,		
Unit III:		
3.01: Land System – Ownership of Land – Agraharas and other	3	1
grants	2	1
3.02 Socio-economic & political impact of land ownership	2	
3.03: Revenue Administration-Land and other sources of revenue	2	1
Unit IV		

4.01: Agrarian Economy, technology and mode of cultivation and	3	1
produces	3	1
4.02: Non-Agricultural Productions: Crafts & Industries	3	
4.03: Urbanization and Urban Centres	2	1
4.04: Trade Routes, items and trade contacts		
Unit V		
5.01: Religious Beliefs and Practices – Vaisnavism,	2	1
5.02: Saivism and Saktism,	3	1
5.03: Buddhism	3	
5.04: Nathism and Tribal Practices	3	

Suggested Readings:

Barpujari, H.K. (ed): The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. I, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati,

1990.

: Political History of Assam, Vol. 1. Govt. of Assam, Guwahati 1977.

Baruah B.K. : A Cultural History of Assam, Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati, 1969

Barua, K.L. : *Early History of Kamarupa* (3rd Edn.) Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati, 1988. Baruah, S.L. : *A Comprehensive History of Assam*, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd,

New Delhi, 1985

Bhattacharya, P.N. : Kamarupasasnavali, Rangpur Shahitya Parishad, B.S. 1338/1932 A.D.

: Bhattacharya T.; The Cannons of Indian Art, Firma K.L. Mukhapadhya, Calcutta,

1996

Boruah, Nirode : Early Assam, state formation, political centres cultural zones, Spectrum

Publication, Guwahati, New Delhi, 2007

:Historical Geography of Early Assam, DVS Publishers, Guwahati, 2010

Choudhury. P.C. : The History of Civilization of the People of Assam to the Twelfth Century A.D.

(revised), 3rd Edn., Spectrum Publication, Delhi, Guwahati, 1987

Dutta, H.N. : Art and Archaeology of the Doiyang-Dhansiri Valley of Assam, unpublished Ph.D.

thesis, Gauhati University, 1997.

Lahiri, Nayanjot : Pre-Ahom Assam, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 1991

Nath, R.M. : *The Background of Assamese Culture*, Dutta Baruah & Co. Guwahati, 1948.

Rhodes, N.G.,

Bose, S.K. : *The Coinage of Assam*, Vol. I, Pre-Ahom Period, Kolkata, Guwahati, 2003.

Sarma, D. : Kamarupasasnavali, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati, 1981.

Sarma,

Mukunda Madhava: Inscriptions of Ancient Assam, Department of Publication, Gauhati University,

1978.

Learning Outcome

After going through this course, the students will be able to

• Identify and describe the sources and approaches of the studies of society, culture and economy of Assam from earliest times to 1228.

- Critically assess the social life, pattern of society, Sanskritization and development of Caste System, and its impact on society.
- Critically evaluate the land system, socio-economic & political impact of land ownership, Revenue Administration, role of Women in society.
- Understand and describe the agrarian economy, technology and mode of cultivation and produces, Non-Agricultural Productions, Urbanization and Urban Centres.
- Explain and identify the religious beliefs and practices in ancient Assam.

Semester-II

Course code : 204.2

Course Title : SOCIAL AND -RELIGIOUS HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL ASSAM

Nature of the course: DSE Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

The objective of the course is:

- The present course has been evolved to acquaint the students with the boundaries of society and religion in Assam in pre colonial times.
- It aims at giving the students an idea about how social and religious institutions emerge in Assam in medieval times and how it reflects deep rooted connection with Indian tradition and how and where it differs from that.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic		Lecture	Tutorial
Unit-	Unit- I		
1.01	Sources and approaches	3	2
1.02	Social Structure in the Brahmaputra Valley – Caste & Tribes	3	
1.03	Social Organization – The Paik System – Caste class relations – material	3	
	conditions of the paiks, slaves and servants.		
1.04	Women in Society	3	

Unit-I	:		
2.01	Religious beliefs and Practices – Tantricism & Saktism	3	2
2.02	Saivism and Vaishnavism	3	
2.03	Tribal Religious Beliefs and Practices	3	
2.04	Islam in Assam	3	
Unit-I	II:		
3.01 3.02 3.03	Development of Vernacular Literature: Secular and Religious Art and Architecture: secular and religious, Painting, Sculpture Education in Medieval Assam: <i>tol</i> and <i>pathsala</i> , <i>Satryia</i> system	3 4 3	2
Unit –	IV:		
4.01 4.02 4.03 4.04	Socio-religious Background Sankardeva and Bhakti movement Neo-vaishnavism in post-Sankardeva period Socio-cultural impact of Neo-Vaishnavite Movement	3 3 3 3	2
Unit-\	<i>'</i> :		
5.01 5.02 5.03 5.04	Development of Satra institutions Satra and Polity: Royal Patronage, conflict and resistance Emergence of Sanghatis Charit puthi tradition	3 3 3 3	3

Suggested Readings:-

Barpujari, H.K.: (ed) : The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. III

Baruah, S.L. : A Comprehensive History of Assam.

Gait, E.A. : A History of Assam.

Gogoi Nath,J. : Agrarian system of medieval Assam

Guha, A : Medieval and Early Colonial Assam : Society, Polity,

Economy.

Kakoty, S. : Science, Technology and Social Formation in

Medieval Assam.

Rhodes, N. and Bose, S.K. : The Coinage of Assam, Vol. II, Pre-Ahom Period

Rajguru, S. : Medieval Assamese Society.

Sarma, S.N. : A Socio Economic and Cultural History of Medieval

Assam.

Bhattacharya, M.N. (ed) : Medieval Bhakti Movement in India, Delhi 1989.

Das Gupta,S : An Introduction to Tantric Buddhism 1974.

Jayaswswal,S. : The Origin and Development of Vaishnavism, New Delhi

Neog, M. : Sankardeva and His Times, Guwahati 1965

Rahman, A. (ed) : History of Indian Science, Technology and Culture A.D. 1000-

1800

Sarma, S.N. : Neo-Vaisnavite Movement and Satra Institutions of Assam,

Guwahati

Learning outcome:

After going through this course the student will be able to understand

- The social composition of the Brahmaputra valley in pre colonial times.
- Cultural developments during the medieval period.
- The socio religious background of the Bhakti movement in Assam and various phases of the Neo-Vaishnavite movement

Semester-II

Course code : 204.3

Course Title : Social History of Modern Assam

Nature of the course: DSE Credit : 4x1=4

Course objectives

- The paper aims to provide a glimpse of the transition of the Assamese society under the colonial British state
- The Colonial Transitions helped in the growth of a new identity
- The paper also tries to situate the question of homogeneity and the problems associated with it
- It will also try to examine whether in giving emphasis to the linguistic identity it created questions of alternate identities not only for the natives but also for the new immigrants

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic	Credit	Tutorial
Unit- I: TRANSITION		
1.1: Assamese Society in Pre- colonial Period, Nature of the Assamese Feudal Society	3	1+1=2
1.2: Colonial State and the Assamese Society	3	
1.3: Decline of the Old Aristocracy and its impacts in the Society	2	
1.4: The American Baptist Missionaries	4	
Unit II: Continuity and Change :		
2.1: Growth of Modern Education and its Challenges, Vernaculars and English	3	2+1=3
2.2: The Growth of a New Middle Class	3	
2.3: Issues of Social Reforms, Child Marriage, Widow Remarriage and the age of	4	
Consent	3	
2.4: The Opium Question		
Unit III: Emergence of New Ideas and Institutions:		
3.1: Asomiya Bhasha Unnati Sadhani Sabha and the Assam Sahitya Sabha	3	2+1=3
3.2: Colonial State and the Satras, Temples and the Srimanta Sankar Sangha	3	
3.3: Colonial State and its role in the spread of New Institutions –DHAS and The	3	
Kamroop Anusandhan Samiti-Their roles in the growth of the Assamese		
Nationalism		
3.4: Gender and Class	4	

Unit IV Modernity and Change		
4.1: The Growth of the Modern Assamese Literature	2	2+1=3
4.2: The Bengal Renaissance and its impacts on the Assamese Society and		
Culture	3	
4.3: The Language Controversy	2	
4.4: Assamese Nationalism and its impact in the Society	4	
Unit V: Towards New Challenges:		
5.1: Immigration and the changing Demographic patterns, Urbanization	3	2=1=3
5.2: Growth of the Modern Assamese Culture- Theatres, Drama, Music, Cinema	3	
5.3: Growth of New Sports	1	
5.4: Assamese Society and the questions of Caste and Tribes	3	

Suggested Readings:

Barpujari, H.K. (ed) : The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. IV & V

Barpujari, H.K. : The American Missionaries and North East India (1836-1900)

Barua, S. P. : Press in Assam

Bhuyan, S. K. : Early British Relations with Assam

Chowdhury, Prosenjit : Socio-Cultural Aspects of Assam in the Nineteenth Century

Dasgupta, Subrata : Awakening: The Story of the Bengal Renaissance

Guha, Amalendu : Medieval and Early Colonial Assam: Society, Polity Economy

Goswami, Priyam : The History of Assam from Yandabo to Partition, 1826-1947

Mahanta, Aparna : Journey of Assamese Women (1836-1937)

Mahanta, Prafulla : Asamiya Maddhyabitta Srenir Itihas

Misra, Tilottoma : Literature and Society in Assam: A Study of the Assamese

Renaissance 1826-1926

Saikia, Rajen : Social and Economic History of Assam (1853-1921).

Sen, Amit : Notes on the Bengal Renaissance – Primary Source Edition

Sharma, Monorama : Social and Economic Change in Assam: Middle Class Hegemony

Talukdar, Nanda : Assam and the 19^{th0} Century: In the Context of Anandaram Dhekial

Phookan and the early nineteenth century Renaissance in Assam

Learning Outcome:

After the completion of the course the student will Learn:

- The transformations of the Assamese society under the colonial rule and its long term impacts
- The agendas of modernity and how the native responded to these.
- Whether the Assamese nationalist were successful in their agendas of social reforms

Semester-II

Course code : 205.1

Course Title : World Revolutions

Nature of the course: GE

Credit: 4x1=4

Objective:

- To help the Students to know the nature and characteristics of Revolution.
- To understand the Philosophy of the French Philosophers.
- To know the background and consequences of the revolutions that took place in America and Europe.
- To give the students a clear idea about the revolutions occurring in Russia and China.
- To analyse the 20th century Revolutions.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic		Cred	it
Unit- I		lecture	tutorial
1.01 1.02: 1.03: 1.04:	: Sources and Approaches Definition, Nature and Characteristics of Revolution Enlightenment –Rousseau, Voltaire, Hobbes, Locke, Diderot The Scientific Revolution	02 08 03	01
2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04	 The English Civil War and Oliver Cromwell The Glorious Revolution in England The American Revolution: Origin, Course and Impact: The Bill of Rights The French Revolution: Background-Course and Impact of the Revolution and women Issues 	03 02 03 05	01
Unit-III:			
3.01	 Revolutions of 1830 & 1848 in France and its impact in Europe – The Paris Commune The Chartist Movement in England 	04	01
3.03	: Industrial Revolution and Rise of New Social Order	02	

3.04	:	Print Revolution and its impact in Society	02	
3.05	:	Development of Socialist Ideas and the Communist Manifesto	04	
Unit –	ıv:			
4.01	:	Rise of Nihilism and Socialism in Russia	01	01
4.02	:	The Revolution of 1905 and the October Revolution of 1917 in	04	
		Russia		
4.03	:	China in Early 20 th Century: Dr. Sun –Yat- Sen and the	04	
		Revolution of 1911		
4.04	:	Mao Ze Dong and the Cultural Revolution in China	04	
			02	
Unit-V	:			
5.01		: Feminist Move	04	01
5.02	:	Feminist Movement – the Second Wave	03	
5.03	:	Information Revolution in late 20 th century	04	
5.04	:	Globalization and its Impact		

Suggested Readings:

Hobsbawm, E : Revolutionaries

Brown Archie 2010 : The Rise and Fall of Communism

C. Y. Hsü, Immanuel 2000 : The Rise of Modern China

David Thomson 1990 : Europe since Napoleon

Doyle, William 1989 : The French Revolution (V.S.I)

Febvre, Lucien and

Henri – Jean Martin, 1958 : The Coming of the Book: The Impact of Printing, 1450-

1800 Ttranslation by David Gerard (1976)

Hobsbawm, E.J. : The Age of Revolution 1789-1848

Jerry Brotton, 2006 : The Renaissance: A Very Short Introduction

Manfred, Steger 2017 : Globalization: A Very Short Introduction

Rana, Mitter 1987 : Modern China: A Very Short Introduction

Walters, Margaret 2006 : Feminism: A Very Short Introduction

<u>William Henry Chamberlin</u> : *The Russian Revolution 1917-1918 (1987*)

Learners Outcome:

- The students will understand the nature and characteristics of Revolutions.
- To Learners will have an idea of the Philosophy of the French Philosophers
- The students will get the background and results of the Russian and Chinese Revolutions.
- The Learners will have a better understanding of the 20th Revolutions.

SEMESTER-II

Course code : 205.2

Course Title : Society, Culture and Economy of Assam: From Earliest Time to

1228

Nature of the course: GE

Credit: 4x1=4

Course Objectives

The basic objective of this course is to

• Study the Society, Culture and Economy of Assam from Earliest Time to 1228.

• It deals with the issues like early formations in Assam, Social Life, Pattern of Society, Sanskritization and development of Caste System, Land System, Socio-economic & political impact of land ownership, Agrarian Economy, technology and mode of cultivation and produces, Non-Agricultural Productions and Religious Beliefs and Practices in ancient Assam.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic	Credit	
Unit I	Lecture	Tutorial
1.01: Sources and Approaches	3	1
1.02: Early Formations in Assam: The Doiyang-Dhansiri Valley	3	1
1.03 : The Kapili Valley	2	
1.04: The Brahmaputra Valley	3	1
Unit II:		
2.01: Social Life, Pattern of Society	3	1
2.02: Sanskritization and development of Caste System, impact on	4	1
society	3	
2.03: Social Classes and Occupational Groups	2	1
2.04: Material Conditions- Food, Dress, Education,		
Unit III:		
3.01: Land System – Ownership of Land – Agraharas and other	3	1
grants	2	1
3.02 Socio-economic & political impact of land ownership	2	
3.03: Revenue Administration-Land and other sources of revenue	2	1
Unit IV		

4.01:	Agrarian Economy, technology and mode of cultivation and	3	1
	produces	3	1
4.02:	Non-Agricultural Productions: Crafts & Industries	3	
4.03:	Urbanization and Urban Centres	2	1
4.04:	Trade Routes, items and trade contacts		
Unit V			
401	Religious Beliefs and Practices – Vaisnavism,	2	1
402	Saivism and Saktism,	3	1
403	Buddhism	3	
404	Nathism and Tribal Practices	3	

Suggested Readings:

Barpujari, H.K. (ed): *The Comprehensive History of Assam*, Vol. I, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati, 1990.

: Political History of Assam, Vol. 1. Govt. of Assam, Guwahati 1977.

Baruah B.K. : A Cultural History of Assam, Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati , 1969

Barua, K.L. : Early History of Kamarupa (3rd Edn.) Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati, 1988. Baruah, S.L. : A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd,

New Delhi, 1985

Bhattacharya, P.N. : Kamarupasasnavali, Rangpur Shahitya Parishad, B.S. 1338/1932 A.D.

: Bhattacharya T.; The Cannons of Indian Art, Firma K.L. Mukhapadhya, Calcutta,

1996

Boruah, Nirode : Early Assam, state formation, political centres cultural zones, Spectrum

Publication, Guwahati, New Delhi, 2007

:Historical Geography of Early Assam, DVS Publishers, Guwahati, 2010 Choudhury. P.C. : The History of Civilization of the People of Assam to the Twelfth Century A.D.

(revised), 3rd Edn., Spectrum Publication, Delhi, Guwahati, 1987

Dutta, H.N. : Art and Archaeology of the Doiyang-Dhansiri Valley of Assam, unpublished Ph.D.

thesis, Gauhati University, 1997.

Lahiri, Nayanjot : Pre-Ahom Assam, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 1991

Nath, R.M. : The Background of Assamese Culture, Dutta Baruah & Co. Guwahati, 1948.

Rhodes, N.G.,

Bose, S.K. : *The Coinage of Assam*, Vol. I, Pre-Ahom Period, Kolkata, Guwahati, 2003.

Sarma, D. : Kamarupasasnavali, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati, 1981.

Sarma,

Mukunda Madhava: *Inscriptions of Ancient Assam*, Department of Publication, Gauhati University, 1978.

Learning Outcome

After going through this course, the students will be able to

- Identify and describe the sources and approaches of the studies of society, culture and economy of Assam from earliest times to 1228.
- Critically assess the social life, pattern of society, Sanskritization and development of Caste System, and its impact on society.
- Critically evaluate the land system, socio-economic & political impact of land ownership, Revenue Administration, role of Women in society.

- Understand and describe the agrarian economy, technology and mode of cultivation and produces, Non-Agricultural Productions, Urbanization and Urban Centres.
- Explain and identify the religious beliefs and practices in ancient Assam.

SEMESTER-II

Course code : 205.3

Course Title : SOCIAL AND -RELIGIOUS HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL ASSAM

Nature of the course: DSE Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

- The present course has been evolved to acquaint the students with the boundaries of society and religion in Assam in pre colonial times.
- It aims at giving the students an idea about how social and religious institutions emerge in Assam in medieval times and how it reflects deep rooted connection with Indian tradition and how and where it differs from that.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic		Lecture	Tutorial
Unit-	I		
1.01	Sources and approaches	3	2
1.02	Social Structure in the Brahmaputra Valley – Caste & Tribes	3	
1.03	Social Organization – The Paik System – Caste class relations –	3	
	material conditions of the paiks, slaves and servants.		
1.04	Women in Society	3	
Unit-II	:		
2.01	Religious beliefs and Practices – Tantricism & Saktism	3	2
2.02	Saivism and Vaishnavism	3	

2.03	Tribal Religious Beliefs and Practices	3	
2.04	Islam in Assam	3	
Unit-	III:		
3.01 3.02 3.03	Development of Vernacular Literature: Secular and Religious Art and Architecture: secular and religious, Painting, Sculpture Education in Medieval Assam: <i>tol</i> and <i>pathsala</i> , <i>Satryia</i> system	3 4 3	2
Unit -	V:		
4.05 4.06 4.07 4.08	Socio-religious Background Sankardeva and Bhakti movement Neo-vaishnavism in post-Sankardeva period Socio-cultural impact of Neo-Vaishnavite Movement	3 3 3 3	2
Unit-	V:		
5.05 5.06 5.07 5.08	Development of Satra institutions Satra and Polity: Royal Patronage, conflict and resistance Emergence of Sanghatis Charit puthi tradition	3 3 3 3	3

Suggested Readings:-

Barpujari, H.K.: (ed) : The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. III

Baruah, S.L. : A Comprehensive History of Assam.

Gait, E.A. : A History of Assam.

Gogoi Nath,J. : Agrarian system of medieval Assam

Guha, A : Medieval and Early Colonial Assam : Society, Polity,

Economy.

Kakoty, S. : Science, Technology and Social Formation in

Medieval Assam.

Rhodes, N. and Bose, S.K. : The Coinage of Assam, Vol. II, Pre-Ahom Period

Rajguru, S. : Medieval Assamese Society.

Sarma, S.N. : A Socio Economic and Cultural History of Medieval

Assam.

Bhattacharya, M.N. (ed) : Medieval Bhatti Movement in India, Delhi 1989.

Das Gupta,S : An Introduction to Tantric Buddhism 1974.

Jayaswswal,S. : The Origin and Development of Vaishnavism, New Delhi

Neog, M. : Sankardeva and His Times, Guwahati 1965

Rahman, A. (ed) : History of Indian Science, Technology and Culture A.D. 1000-

1800

Sarma, S.N. : Neo-Vaisnavite Movement and Satra Institutions of Assam,

Guwahati

Learning outcome:

After going through this course the student will be able to understand

- the social composition of the Brahmaputra valley in pre colonial times.
- cultural developments during the medieval period.
- the socio religious background of the Bhakti movement in Assam and various phases of the neovaishnavite movement

SEMESTER-II

Course code : 205.4

Course Title : Social History of Modern Assam

Nature of the course: GE

Credit : 4x1=4

Course objectives

- The paper aims to provide a glimpse of the transition of the Assamese society under the colonial British state
- The Colonial Transitions helped in the growth of a new identity
- The paper also tries to situate the question of homogeneity and the problems associated with it
- It will also try to examine whether in giving emphasis to the linguistic identity it created questions of alternate identities not only for the natives but also for the new immigrants

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic	Credit	Tutorial
Unit- I: TRANSITION		
1.1: Assamese Society in Pre- colonial Period, Nature of the Assamese Feudal Society	3	1+1=2
1.2: Colonial State and the Assamese Society	3	
1.3: Decline of the Old Aristocracy and its impacts in the Society	2	
1.4: The American Baptist Missionaries	4	
Unit II: Continuity and Change :		
2.1: Growth of Modern Education and its Challenges, Vernaculars and English	3	2+1=3
2.2: The Growth of a New Middle Class	3	
2.3: Issues of Social Reforms, Child Marriage, Widow Remarriage and the age of	4	
Consent	3	
2.4: The Opium Question		
Unit III: Emergence of New Ideas and Institutions:		
3.1: Asomiya Bhasha Unnati Sadhani Sabha and the Assam Sahitya Sabha	3	2+1=3
3.2: Colonial State and the Satras, Temples and the Srimanta Sankar Sangha	3	
3.3: Colonial State and its role in the spread of New Institutions –DHAS and The	3	
Kamroop Anusandhan Samiti-Their roles in the growth of the Assamese		
Nationalism		
3.4: Gender and Class	4	

Unit IV Modernity and Change		
4.1: The Growth of the Modern Assamese Literature	2	2+1=3
4.2: The Bengal Renaissance and its impacts on the Assamese Society and		
Culture	3	
4.3: The Language Controversy	2	
4.4: Assamese Nationalism and its impact in the Society	4	
Unit V: Towards New Challenges:		
5.1: Immigration and the changing Demographic patterns, Urbanization	3	2=1=3
5.2: Growth of the Modern Assamese Culture- Theatres, Drama, Music, Cinema	3	
5.3: Growth of New Sports	1	
5.4: Assamese Society and the questions of Caste and Tribes	3	

Suggested Readings:

Barpujari, H.K. (ed) : The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. IV & V

Barpujari, H.K. : The American Missionaries and North East India (1836-1900)

Barua, S. P. : Press in Assam

Bhuyan, S. K. : Early British Relations with Assam

Chowdhury, Prosenjit : Socio-Cultural Aspects of Assam in the Nineteenth Century

Dasgupta, Subrata : Awakening: The Story of the Bengal Renaissance

Guha, Amalendu : Medieval and Early Colonial Assam: Society, Polity Economy

Goswami, Priyam : The History of Assam from Yandabo to Partition, 1826-1947

Mahanta, Aparna : Journey of Assamese Women (1836-1937)

Mahanta, Prafulla : Asamiya Maddhyabitta Srenir Itihas

Misra, Tilottoma : Literature and Society in Assam: A Study of the Assamese

Renaissance 1826-1926

Saikia, Rajen : Social and Economic History of Assam (1853-1921).

Sen, Amit : Notes on the Bengal Renaissance – Primary Source Edition

Sharma, Monorama : Social and Economic Change in Assam: Middle Class Hegemony

Talukdar, Nanda : Assam and the 19^{th0} Century: In the Context of Anandaram Dhekial

Phookan and the early nineteenth century Renaissance in Assam

Learning Outcome:

After the completion of the course the student will Learn:

- The transformations of the Assamese society under the colonial rule and its long term impacts
- The agendas of modernity and how the native responded to these.
- Whether the Assamese nationalist were successful in their agendas of social reforms

Semester-III

Course code : 301

Course Title : History of Contemporary World: 1945-2003

Nature of the course: Core
Credit: 4x1=4

Objective:

To examine the genesis, growth and activities of the United Nations

- To describe the background and the consequences of Cold War Rivalry, the Korean War, the Suez and the Hungarian Crises.
- To review West Asian and Southeast Asian politics in the Post- World War II
- To analyse the developments leading to the Re-unification of Germany and the collapse of the Soviet Union
- To examine India's relation with the various nations as well as her role in the U.N, NAM and SAARC.
- To discuss the words situation in the nineties- The Civil War in Yugoslavia, The Kargil War, Global Terrorism and The Second Gulf War.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic	Cı	redit
Unit- I	Lectures	Tutorial
1.01: Sources and Approaches	02	01
1.02: From War to Peace – The United Nations – its aims, objectives, genesis and development, activities and its role in world peace.	04	
1.03: The Cold War – Concept, Origin and Development – Superpower Rivalry – End of Cold War.	03	
1.04: The Korean War – The Suez and Hungarian crisis – Cuban Missile Crisis.	03	
Unit-II:		

2.01: Resurgent Africa – Solidarity and Independence Movement.	02	01
2.02: Recent trends in Latin American Politics.	04	
2.03: Disarmament – Concept, Background	02	
2.04: Disarmament Agreements(1948-1996)	02	
Unit-III:		
3.01: West Asia in World Politics: A Review	04	01
3.02: South –East Asia after World War II.	02	
3.03: Re–Unification of Germany.	04	
3.04: Break-up of the Soviet Union and its impact on Contemporary	03	
World		
Unit – V		
4.01: India in World Affairs- Indian Foreign Policy in Historical	04	01
Perspective.	06	
4.02: India's Policy towards the Super Powers-Its relations with China-		
Pakistan and S.E. Asian Countries.	03	
4.03: India and the UN	04	
4.04: India's role in NAM and SAARC		
Unit-V:		
5.01: Civil War in Yugoslavia and its Break–up (1992)	03	01
5.02: Background and Consequences of the Kargil War (1999).	03	
5.03: Global Terrorism – and Global War against Terrorism.	02	
5.04: The Second Gulf War (2003) – Fall of Saddam Hussain -	03	
Consequences		

Suggested Readings:

Armstrong, M.P.1961 : U.N. on Trial

Baruah, B. 2004 : Indo-US Relations

Benns, Lee, F 1955 : European History since 1870,

Calvocoresse, Peter 2009 : World Politics since 1945.

Colton, J., Palmer, R.R. 2007 : A History of Modern World,

Fleming, D.F. 1961 : The Cold War and its Origin: 1917-1960

Freund.Bill. 1984 : The Making of Contemporary Africa

Ghosh, Peu 2016 : International Relations

Huntington, P.B. 2011 : The Clash of Civilizations: The Remaking of World Order.

Jinkines, J. 1971 : Africa since 1945.

Langsam, Walter and Mitchell, Otis., 1971: The World since 1919

Lowe , Norman 1997 : Mastering Modern World History,

May, Arthur 1966 : Europe since 1939,

(repeat) Mitchell Otis 1971 : The World since 1919.

Rao, B.V.Rana, B.P. 2014 : Studies on Non-Alignment and Non-Aligned Movement

Reddy, B.P. Jeevan 1970 : Modern Power Politics:

Riddel, L 1935 : The Treaty of Versailles and After.

Schuman, F.L. 1933 : International Politics

Zoll, James B 1990 : Europe since 1870

Rao, B.V 2014 : World History: Early Times to AD 2011

Huntington, Samuel. P, 2011 : The Clash of Civilization and the Remaking of World Order,

B.P. Jeevan Reddy, 1970 : Modern Power Politics: Cold War; A Study

Learner's Outcome:-

- The students will gain knowledge on the background and role of the United Nation's activities as well as the Cold War Politics.
- The Learner's will know about the various International Crises of the fifties and sixties.
- They will also know about the background of the West Asian and South-east Asian conflicts.
- Further, the learner's will know about the political developments of the Nineties and Twenties as well as India's Foreign Policies and her role in the U.N, NAM and SAARC.

Semester-III

Course code : 302

Course Title : Women in Indian History

Nature of the Course: Core

Credit : 4x1=4

Objectives:

- Women have till the very recent times have not been properly represented in history. The Gender History or situating the Women in history is a major task for historians
- The growth of the Feminist or the Women's Movements needs to be given to a new perspective
- The question of Women in the Colonial period has raised many questions whose relevance can still be felt in the post-Independence period

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic		Credit	Tutorial
Unit- I			
	Studies and Feminism:	3	2+1
(i)	Women's Studies: Perspectives and Practices		
(ii)	Feminism: First Wave Feminism: Fighting for Vote,	4	
	Second Wave Feminism: Quest for Liberation and		
	Equality, Third Wave Feminism: Embracing		
	Contradictions	3	
(iii)	Definition and scope of Patriarchy- different	3	
4. 3	approaches		
(iv)	Gender, Sexual Division of Labour- Definitions and		
	scopes		
Unit- II			
	Patriarchy:		
(i)	Patriarchy in the Indian contexts- issues and difficulties,	4	1+1=2
(-)	class and caste		
(ii)	Patriarchy in Ancient India- Women in Vedic India	3	
(iii)	Women in Medieval India	2	
(iv)	Patriarchy and the Indian Law- Personal Law, Dowry,	3	
Unit- III			
	Gender:		1+2=3
(i)	Perception of Gender in Indian and world contexts –	3	
` '	Different approaches to Gender		
(ii)	Relationship of Gender with class and caste	3	
	Gender and Religion- Discrimination, Devotion and the	4	
(iii)	dender and hengion biscrimination, bevotion and the		
(iii)	issue of Equality		

Unit- IV					
Women a	nd Self:			1=1=2	
(i)		en and Self: Women's Autobiographies and aphies- Rashsundari Devi, Sunita Devi, Nalinibala	3		
	Devi		2		
(ii)	Wom	en and Travel-quest for new	3		
(iii)	Orgar	en in Organizations- The Indian Women's nizations and their responses to the issues of	3		
		ns and rights			
(iv)	Wom	en and Culture- Music, Theatre and Films			
UNIT V	•				
	Wom	en and Colonialism			1+1=2
	(i)	Colonial Reforms agendas on Women- Sati, Female Infanticide, Widow Remarriage, Age of		4	
		Consent		3	
	(ii)	Indian responses to the Issue of Social			
	` ,	Reforms- Revivalist Movements		3	
	(iii)	Women's responses to the National Movement of Independence		3	
	(iv)	Nationalists Agenda and the question of Women			

Suggested Reading List:

- 1. Claudia L. Johnson (ed)- The Cambridge Companion to Mary Wollstonecraft, 2002
- 2. Margaret Walters Feminism- (A Very Short Introduction), Oxford University Press, 2005
- 3. Miriam Schneir-Feminism The Essential Historical Writings-Vintage
- 4. Lerner, Gerda: The Creation of Patriarchy, The Origins of Women's Subordination Women and History, Vol.1, 1988, Oxford University Press,1996.
- 5. Altekar, A.S: The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, 2nd print, Delhi, 1978
- 6. Krishnamurthy, J (ed): Women in Colonial India, Delhi, 1989.
- 7. Rukhsana Ifthikar- Indian Feminism (Class, Gender and Identity in Medieval Ages)- Notion Press
- 8. V.Geetha-Gender (Theorizing Feminism)- Stree, 2002
- 9. V. Geetha- Patriarchy (Theorizing Feminism), Stree, 2007
- 10. Thorner, Alice& Krishnaraj M.: Ideal, Images and Real lives, essays on women, history and literature, Orient Longman, 1999.
- 11. Geeti Sen-Feminine Fables: Imaging the Indian Woman in Painting, Photography, and Cinema-Grantha
- 12. Christopher Lasch- Women and the Common Life (Love, Marriage & Feminism) W.W. Norton & Co.
- 13. Roy, KumKum. (ed).: Women in Early Indian Societies, Manohar Publishers, New Delhi, 1996
- 14. Kumkum Roy-(ed)- The Power of Gender and Gender of Power, Oxford University Press, 2010
- 15. Jasbir Jain- Films and Feminism- Essays on Indian Cinema- Rawat Books
- 16. Uma Chakravarti- Rewriting History –The Life and Times of Pandita Ramabai-Zubaan, Kali for Women, 1998.
- 17. Uma Chakravarti-Gendering Caste-Through a Feminist Lens, Stree, 2002
- 18. Uma Chakravarti & Kumkum Sangri (ed)- From Myths to Markets: Essays on Gender

- 19. Radha Kumar- History of Doing Movements for Women's Rights and Feminism in India-1900-1990, Kali For Women
- 20. Geraldine Forbes- Women in Modern India, 1998, Cambridge University Press
- 21. Kumkum Sangri & Sudesh Vaid- Recasting Women: Essays in Colonial History, New Delhi, 1998
- 22. Veronica Mottier- Sexuality (A Very Short Introduction), Oxford University Press
- 23. Mary E John- Women Studies in India- A reader, penguin Books, 2008
- 24. Tanika Sarkar- Hindu Wife, Hindu Nation: Community, Religion, Cultural Nationalism, Orient Blackswan, New Delhi, 2003,
- 25. Tanika Sarkar- Words to Win: The Making of a Modern Autobiography, Zubaan
- 26. Janaki Nair- Women and Law in Colonial India, Oxford University Press, 1999
- 27. Suruchi Thapar-Bjorkert- Women in Indian Nationalist Movement: Unseen Faces and Unheard Voices, 1930-42, Sage Books, 2015
- 28. Susie Tharu & K. Lalitha (ed) Women Writing in India: 600 B.C to the Present, Vol. I &II, Oxford University Press.
- 29. Antoinette Burton Dwelling in the Archive: Women Writing House, Home and History in Late Colonial India, Oxford University Press, 2003
- 30. Nalinibala Devi- Eri Aha Dinbor (Assamese)- Guwahati-1978

Learning Outcome:

- The paper will give a general overview of the status of the Indian women from the earliest times to the end of the colonial period
- It will also try to see the specific methods of understanding the women's history like the concepts of Patriarchy, Gender and Division of Labour
- The intricate relationship between Gender and Women will also be highlighted
- The quests for women's autonomy and rights will also be highlighted

Semester-III

Course code : 303

Course Title : Historiography –Non Indian

Nature of the course: Core
Credit: 4x1=4

Objective:

• To define the term, scope and objectivity of History.

- To analyse the growth of Historiography in ancient Greece, Rome, China, Arab world and Medieval Europe.
- To study the development Of Historiography in Europe from The Renaissance to Enlightenment period.
- To describe the 19th and 20th century developments in Historiography.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/Two in Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Торіс	Credit	Tutorial
Unit- I		
 1.01 Concept, Meaning, Scope, Purpose varieties of History: 1.02 Causation and Objectivity in History. 1.03 Primary and Secondary Sources, Internal and External Criticism, 1.04 History and Allied Subjects: Geography, Anthropology, Sociology, Political Science, Economics, Literature 	03 03 02	01

UNIT-II 2.01 Ancient Greece -Herodotus and Thucydides 2.02 Ancient Rome -Livy and Tacitus 2.03 Chinese and Arab Historiography 2.04 Medieval European Historiography -St. Augustine and Christian Chronicles	04 04 02 02 02 03	01
 Unit- III 3.01 Renaissance Historiography – Humanism in Historiography – Machiavelli. 3.02Scientific Revolution – Cartesianism - Rene Descartes and Vico 3.03 Eighteenth Century Enlightenment – Voltaire, Montesqueieu and Gibbon 3.04 Post-Enlightenment Historiography 	02 04 04 02	01
Unit- IV		
4.01Idealism – Hegel 4.02Niebuhr, Ranke and Institutionalisation of History 4.03Positivism –August Comte 4.04 Historical Materialism- Marx and Engels		01
 UNIT V. 5.01 Spengler and Toynbee 5.02 Annales Historiography –Marc Bloch, Lucien Febvre and Francis Braudel 5.03 British Marxist Historians- Christopher Hill, E. H. Hobsbawm, E.P. Thompson 5.04: Michel Foucault, Linguistic turn and Post-modern Critique of History 	04 04 02 02	01

SUGGESTED READINGS

Bajaj Satish (1988) : Recent Trends in Historiography, New Delhi Barnes, H.E.(1937) : A History of History Writing, Oklahoma

Black Jeremy and Donald M. (1997) : Studying History, Macmillan Cannon John (ed) (1980) : The Historian at Work, London

Carr E.H.(1961) : What is History?

Collingwood, R.G(1993) : The Idea of History, OUP Evans J. Richard (1997) : In Defense of History, London

Gare, Arran E (1997) : Postmodernism and Environmental Crisis, London. Gooch, G.P.(1952) : History and Historians of the Nineteenth Century

Merquior J.G (1991) : Foucault, London, Second edition Marwick, Arthur (1977) : Introduction to History, London do (1970) : The nature of History, London

Sreedharan, E (2000) : A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC to 2000 Stern Fritz (1972) : Varieties of History, New York, second edition Thompson, J.W & Bernard H (1942) : A History of History Writing, 2 vols., New York.

Learner's Outcome:

- The Learner's will have an idea about the term, scope and objectivity of History.
- They can know about the growth of Historiography of Ancient Greece, Rome, China, The Arab World and Medieval Europe.
- The Learner's can know about Historiography of Europe from Renaissance to Enlightenment Period.
- They can have an idea about the 19th and 20th century development in Historiography.

SEMESTER-III

Course Code : 304.1

Course Title : History of Art and Archaeology of Ancient Assam

Nature of the Course : DSE Distribution of Credit : 4x1=4

Objectives:

The basic objective of this course is

- To study the history of Art and Archaeology of Ancient Assam (From the 4th to the 12th/13th Century AD).
- The course deals with some important topics in details like approaches of the studies of epigraphs of Ancient Assam, chronological categorization of sculptural development in Assam, secular and religious Architectures, Coinage and Circulation of Cowrie Shells etc.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic	Credit	
Unit 1:	Lecture	Tutorial
1.01. Sources and Approaches	2	1
1.02. Studies of Epigraphs of Ancient Assam	3	
1.03. Characteristic Features of the Epigraphs : Materials and Size, Script		
and Language and Theme, subject matter and Style	3	1
1.04. Few Inscriptions: (i) Nagajari Khanikar Gaon Stone Inscription, (ii)		
Umachal Rock Insciption (iii)Nidhanpur CP Inscription (iv) Bargaon		
CP Inscription and (v) Ambari Stone Inscription	4	
Unit- II		
2.01 Historiography, Methods and Approaches of Studies of Sculptures of	3	1
Assam		
2.02 Chronological Categorization of Sculptural Development in Assam:		
Classical Style (5 th to 6 th Century AD)	2	1
2.03 Classical Style (7 th to 8 th Century)	2	
2.04 The Deopani School of Art (Late 7 th to 8 th Century AD)	2	1
Unit- III		
3.01 East Indian School of Mediaeval Art: Features and Evolutionary	3	1
Growth of its Stylistic Features		
3.02 Deopahar	2	1
3.03 Madan Kamdev Temple	3	
3.04 Malini Than	3	
Unit- IV		

4.01 Secular Architectures: Forts and Palatial Buildings, Roads, Tanks, etc.	2	1
4.02Religious Architecture: Stupas, Circular Shrine, Jaina caves and		
Temples	2	1
4.03Architectural Remains of Doiyang-Dhansiri Valley	3	
4.04 Architectural Remains of Guwahati, Goalpara, Tezpur and Nagaon	5	1
regions		
UNIT V		
5.01Coinage during Varman Dynasty		
5.02Coinage during Salastambha Dynasty	2	1
5.03Coinage during Pala Dynasty	3	1
5.04Circulation of Cowrie Shells as Money	2	
Weights and Size of the coins of Ancient Assam	2	
	2	1

Suggested Readings

Acharya P.K. : *Indian Architecture According to Manasara Silpa Sastra*, Indian Indological Publishers, Patna, 1927

Agarwala P.K. : *Gupta Temple Architecture*, Prithivi Prakashan, Varanasi, 1968. Asher, F.M. : *The Art of Eastern India*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1980

Barpujari, H.K. (ed) : *The Comprehensive History of Assam*, Vol. I, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati, 1990.

: Political History of Assam, Vol. 1. Govt. of Assam, Guwahati 1977.

Baruah B.K. : A Cultural History of Assam, Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati , 1969

Barua, K.L. : Early History of Kamarupa (3rd Edn.) Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati, 1988. Baruah, S.L. : A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1985

Bhattacharya. P.K. (ed): *Iconography of Sculptures*, University of North-Bengal, West Bengal, Darjeeling, 1983.

Bhattacharya, P.N. : Kamarupasasnavali, Rangpur Shahitya Parishad, B.S. 1338/1932 A.D.

: Bhattacharya T.; The Cannons of Indian Art, Firma K.L. Mukhapadhya, Calcutta, 1996

Boruah, Nirode : Early Assam, state formation, political centres cultural zones, Spectrum Publication, Guwahati, New Delhi, 2007

Brown, Percy : *Indian Architecture* (Buddhist and Hindu Period), D.B. Tareporevalla & Sons, Bombay, 1956.

Bunce, Fredrick W. : A Dictionary of Buddhist and Hindu Iconography, D.K. Print world(P) Ltd, New Delhi, 1997

Choudhury, N.D.: Historical Archaeology of Central Assam, B.R. Publishing Corporation, Delhi, 1985.

Choudhury. P.C. : *The History of Civilization of the People of Assam to the Twelfth Century A.D.* (revised), 3rd Edn., Spectrum Publication, Delhi, Guwahati, 1987

Choudhury. R.D. : Archaeology of the Brahmaputra Valley of Assam, Agam Kala Prakashan Delhi, 1985

: Art Heritage of Assam, Aryan Books International, New Delhi, 1998.

: Asamat Puratatvik Adhyayanar Agragati, Parvatee Prakashan, Guwahati, 1992.

Dutta, H.N. : *Art and Archaeology of the Doiyang-Dhansiri Valley of Assam*, unpublished Ph.D. thesis, Gauhati University, 1997.

Dutta, Monoranjan : Sculpture of Assam, Agam Kala Prakashan New Delhi, 1990,

Fleet. J.F. : Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum III, Calcutta, 1888, ed., Chabra B.C. & Gai G.S.

:Archaeological Survey of India, Janapath, New Delhi, 1981.

Nath, R.M. : *The Background of Assamese Culture*, Dutta Baruah & Co. Guwahati, 1948.

Rhodes, N.G.,

Bose, S.K. : *The Coinage of Assam*, Vol. I, Pre-Ahom Period, Kolkata, Guwahati, 2003.

Saraswati, S.K. : A Survey of Indian Sculpture, Munchiram Monoharlal, Delhi, 1975.

Sarma, A.K. : Emergence of Early Culture in North-East India, Aryan Books International, New

Delhi, 1993.

Sarma, D. : Kamarupasasnavali, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati, 1981.

Sarma,

Mukunda Madhava : Inscriptions of Ancient Assam, Department of Publication, Gauhati University,

1978.

Sarma, P.C. : Architecture of Assam, Agom Kala Prakashan, Delhi, 1988.

Learning Outcome:

After going through this course, the students will be able to

- Identify and describe the sources and approaches of the studies of epigraphs of Ancient Assam and the characteristic features of the Epigraphs
- Critically assess the historiography, methods and approaches of studies of Sculptures of Assam and chronological categorization of sculptural development in Assam
- Identify and assess the secular and religious Architectures of Ancient Assam
- Explain and identify the coinage and circulation of Cowrie Shells, Weights and Size of the coins of Ancient Assam

SEMESTER-III

Course code : 304.2

COURSE TITLE : ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL ASSAM

Nature of the course : DSE

Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

- The course deals with various economic processes and their impact upon the socio-political development of the Brahmaputra valley during medieval period.
- The course also focuses on geographical background behind the historical process and the development in the sphere of revenue administration.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic	Credit	Tutorial
Unit 1:		
	3	2
	3	
1.01. Sources and approaches	3	
1.02. Geographical Background –Land and people	3	
1.03. Economy in Pre-Ahom Assam		
1.04. Ahom Migration and its Impact		
Unit- II		
2.01. Land Systems – survey, census and classification of lands, land-ownership		
2.02. Agriculture - Extent and mode of cultivation, means of irrigation,		
agricultural produces		
2.03. : Land grants & assignments,		
2.04. Mughal Impact		
Unit- III		
	3	2

	3	
3.1. Land revenue and Taxes other than Land revenue	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	
3.2. Revenue administration – methods of assessment	3	
3.3. Revenue in Lower Assam		
3.4 Relation with Hill area: <i>Posa</i> and <i>Khat</i> systems		
Unit- IV		
	3 3	2
4.01. Industries and Crafts – Textiles – cotton and silk	3	
4.02. Handicrafts	3	
4.03. Metals and Minerals – gold, iron, salt,		
4.04. Technology and nature of production.		
UNIT V.		
	3	2
	3	
5.01. Barter system – Development of Currency System – cowries, Ahom	3 3	
coins , Kachari coins,	3	
Konch and Jayanita coins, 5.02. Trade Routes – Water and Land Transport –means of transport.		
5.03. Internal & External trade : local and frontier, commodities of trade,		
Transport and Communication system		
5.04 Economic Relations between the Hills and the Plains		

Readings:

1. Barpujari, H.K.ed : The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. III

2. Guha, Amalendu : Medieval and Early Colonial Assam: Society, polity and Economy

3. Bhuyan, S.K. : *Anglo- Assamese Relations*.

4. Gogoi,J : Agrarian System of Medieval Assam

5. Gohain, U.N. : Assam Under the Ahoms

6. Kakoty, S. : Science Technology and Social Formation in Medieval Assam

Technology, Production and Social Production in the Evolution of

the Ahom State

7. Sharma, S.N. : A Socio Economic and Cultural History of Medieval Assam

8. Raychoudhuri, T. and Habib, I.: The Chambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I

9. N.G.Rhopdes, and Basu S.K, :The Coinage of assam VolsI,11

Learning outcome:

After completion of the course the student will be able to

- Understand the agrarian economy of the Brahmaputra valley in pre-colonial times.
- Will have an idea about the land system and agricultural production of the Brahmaputra valley.
- Know about the craft, technology and market system in Assam in the medieval period.

Semester-III

Course code : 304.3

Course Title : Economic History of Modern Assam (1826-1947)

Nature of the course: DSE Credit : 4x1=4

Course Objective

- To understand the economic problems in 19th century Assam inherited from internal disturbances and Burmese invasion.
- How colonial policies attempted to resolve it by opening new economic fronts like frontier trade, tea and wasteland management.
- It would deal with the impact of international events like depression and world war on the local economy.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic		Lecture	Tutorial
Unit- I			
1.01	Agriculture - mode and nature of production- Food crops and Commercial crops - Agricultural backwardness in Assam- Government recommendations and agricultural experiments	L: 1	3
1.02 1.03 1.04	Wasteland management- extension of plantation Economy Management of rice economy under colonial administration Early revenue reforms under the British – impoverishing of Ahom nobility - Land revenue and settlements with the Ahom monarchy – Agrarian riots in Kamrup and Darrang	L:2 L: 2 L: 2	
1.05 1.06	The opium question- Govt measures in prohibition of opium Efforts to revive 'Paiks'- evolution of land tenure systemmauzadari system- pargana system- new taxation system- new agrarian structure- burden on peasantry.	L: 2 L: 3	
Unit-			
2.01	Plantation Economy- Growth of Tea and Tea Industry – Its impact on the society-	L: 2	3
2.02	Sericulture, mulberry silk and cotton textiles – measures taken by the colonial government in promoting them	L: 3	
2.03	Introduction of new technology in agriculture	L: 4	

2.04	Decline of Traditional Industries - gold washing, iron smelting,			
	bell metal, handloom, dyes, ivory etc factors contributing to it			
2.05	Slavery – practice and emancipation			
2.06	Labour unrest and Trade Union Movement in Assam	L: 2		
		L: 3		
Unit- III 3.01 Growth of new infrastructure – Roads- trunk and feeder, steam		1.2	2	
3.01	navigation- passenger and cargo, railways –difficulties faced, post and telegraph	L: 3	2	
3.02	Development of Modern Indian Industries – coal and oil – growth of technological and Industrial education.	L: 3		
3.03	Trade and Commerce – external and internal and border trades – role of trading Posts-(chowkis) border trade with Bhutan, Abor hills and Sadiya frontiers- Tibet and Bhutan trade link	L: 3		
3.04	The trading communities – trade routes- trade with Bengal and neighbouring countries	L: 3		
Unit- IV				
4.01	Impact of natural calamity on the economy and environment – earthquake, flood and drought	L: 2	1	
4.02	Growth and development of public works in colonial Assam- Introduction of PWD	L: 3		
4.03	Immigration and settlers- Hockenhull Report- recommendations	L: 2		
4.04	Influx of foreign capital- investment in railways-Change in socio- economic spectrum-	L: 3		
UNIT V.				
5.01	Drain of natural resources - Forest policy of the colonial government	L: 2	1	
5.02	Colonization process from 1840- 1860	L: 2		
5.03	Exploitation of forest resources for commercial purpose	L: 2		
5.04	Emergence of Assamese business class its impact on the economy- growth of small savings- banking and credit facilities	L: 2		
5.05	Decadence of early towns and cities- rise and growth of modern towns - urbanization and changes in demography	1. 2		
5.06	Impact of World War II on the economy of Assam – impact on working class	L: 2 L: 2		

Suggested Readings

H.K. Barpujari (Ed): :The Comprehensive History of Assam Vol. IV, H.K.

Barpujari, 1990

S.K. Bhuyan: : Anglo Assamese Relations, 1990

Rajen Saikia: :Social and Economic History of Assam (1853-1921) 2000

Amalendu Guha: : Planter Raj to Swaraj, 2006

H.K. Barpujari: : Assam in the Days of the Company, 1963

Amalendu Guha : Medieval and Early Colonial Assam - Society, polity and

Economy,2015

Kamal Ramprit Dikshit and J. Dikshit: The North East India: Land, People and Economy,

2010

H.K. Barpujari(Ed): : The Comprehensive History of Assam Vol. V

Rajib Handique: :British Forest Policy in Assam, 2004

Robert Reid : Years of Change in Bengal and Assam, 1966

Arupjyoti Saikia: :A Century of Protest: Peasant politics in Assam since

1900,2015

Sara Hilaly: :The Railways in Assam, 1885-1947

Gurudas Das and R. K.

Purukayasthya : Border Trade in North East India and Neighbouring

Countries

Learning Outcome:

- Understanding land reform and revenue system in the plains of Brahmaputra valley.
- The border trade with frontier tribes and colonial link with the tribal economy.
- Colonial penetration in the hills
- Get a better insight of the working class in the early twentieth century

SEMESTER-III

Course Code : 305.1

Course Title : Science and Technology in Pre-Colonial India

Nature of the Course : DSE Distribution of Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

- The course deals with various economic processes and their impact upon the socio-political development of the Brahmaputra valley during medieval period.
- The course also focuses on geographical background behind the historical process and the development in the sphere of revenue administration.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic	Credit	
UNIT- I	lecture	Tutorial
 1.1: Sources and approaches 1.2: Science and technology: meaning, scope and importance. 1.3: Development of different branches of Science: Astronomy, Mathematics, Alchemy. 	12	1
UNIT II		
2.1: Tools and technology in Pre- historic period (Paleolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic and Chalcolithic period) 2.2: Development of agriculture in early historical period- use of iron technology, irrigation, tools, crops 2.3: Pottery making- OCP, BRW, PGW, NBPW	12	1
UNIT-III		
3.1: Textile technology (cotton, silk, wool) 3.2: Mining and metallurgy 3. 3: Building and construction industry (bridge making, stone cutting, brick, tiles, lime and mortar)	12	1
UNIT-IV		

4.2: Military technology(fortress, bows and arrows, stirrup, gun powder, fire arms) 4.3: Paper making technology(palm leaf, <i>tula paat, sanchi paat</i>) 4.3: Transport and communication	12	1
UNIT-V		
5.1: Disease: tropical diseases, venereal diseases, epidemics, 5.2: Developments in field of medicine and Surgery(Charaka, Sushruta, Jivaka) 5.2: Ayurveda, Unani medicine.	12	1

Suggested Readings:

D.P.Chattopadhyaya, History of Science and Technology in Ancient India: The Beginnings, 1987

The Ways of Understanding the Human Past: History of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian Civilization, 2001

Interdisciplinary Studies in Science, Technology, Philosophy and Culture, 1996

Mathematics, Astronomy and Biology in Indian Tradition: Some Conceptual Preliminaries, 1999

(ed)A.Rahman, "History of Indian Science, Technology and Culture" AD 1000-1800 (vol iii Part 1) S.R.Sarma (1992) 'Astronomical Instruments in Mughal Miniatures', Studrin Zur Indologic and Iranistik, pp.16,235-76

S.N.Sen & K.S.Shukla (ed 1985)History of Astronomy in India, Indian National Science Academy, New Delhi

(ed)Edward Sachan, Al Beruni's India, Oriental Books Reprint Corporation, New Delhi James Eliot, Indian Industries, W.H.Allen & Co.London,1880

Dharampal, Indian Science and Technology in the 18th century, Biblia Impose Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi & Academy of Gandhian Studies, Hydetabad,1983

Syed Jafas Mahmud, Metal Technology in Medieval India, Daya Publishing House, New Delhi Irfan Habib, Medieval Technological Exchanges between India and the Islamic World, Viveka Publication. Aligarh, 1985

A.L.Basham, The Wonder That was India,

Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India,

Irfan Habib, Prehistory, 2001

Technology in Medieval India: 650-1750,

Kaushik Roy(ed.), Warfare, State and Society in South Asia: 500 BCE-2005 CE, 2010

Shrimali, Krishna Mohan : The Age of Iron and the Religious Revolution (c.700 – c.350 BC)

Learning outcome:

Student will learn to

- Development of technology in early India since pre-historic times
- innovations and developments in the field of science and technology during the medieval period
- Influences due to Islamic and European contact

Semester-III

Course Code : 306.1

Course Title : History of Nation and Nationalism

Course Nature : GE Credit : 4x1=4

Course Objective:

• To develop an understanding of the history of the debates and theories of nationalism.

- To develop a theoretical understanding of the notions of "nation" and "nationalism" from Multiple points of view
- To understand the impact of the ideas of nationalism on state making in Europe
- To engage in "case-studies," in which students can appreciate the impact of nationalism around the world
- The overarching goal is to facilitate critical thinking to understand the impact of nationalism as instrument of state making and political mobilization

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ Two insemester Examination

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents:

Topic	Credits	
	Lecture	Tuitorial
Unit 1. Approaches and Theories	12	1
1.01 Sources and Approaches		
1.02 Discourses and debates on Nationalism in Historical		
perspective; Nationalism and The Historians		
1.03 Theories of Nationalism- Primordialism,		
Modernism and Social Constructionism,		
Ethnosymbolism		
1.04 Latest Trends in Studies of Nationalism.		
	12	1
Unit 2. Emergence of Nationalism in Europe.		
2.01 Nationalism: Intellectual origin; Nationalism and		
the vernaculars		
2.02 Origin of Nation states, Treaty of Westphalia and		
Europe		
2.03 American Nationalism and Independence Struggle.		
2.04 French Revolution, Napoleon and Nationalism in		
Europe.		

Unit 3.01	3. Nationalism in Europe 19 th and 20 th Century Nationalism and nineteenth century in Europe	12	1
3.02	Nationalism World Wars and fascism.		
3.03			
3.04	Nationalism in Post-Cold War Europe:		
	Disintegration of USSR and Yugoslavia		
TT *4	4 NT 4	12	1
Unit 4	4. Nationalism in Asia		
4.01	Nationalism and china		
4.02	Nationalism and Japan		
4.03			
4.04	Nationalism and Middle list		
		12	1
Unit :	5. Nationalism in India		
5.01	Nationalism in India: origin and debates		
5.02	Different Approaches: Imperial, National, Marxist and Subaltern		
5.02	Gandhi, Tagore and Indian Nationalism		
5.03	Religion and Nationalism in South Asia.		

Suggested Readings:

Anderson, Benedict 1991 [1983] *Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism.* Revised ed. London & New York: Verso.

Anderson, Benedict 1998 *The Spectre of Comparisons: Nationalism, Southeast Asia and the World.* London: Verso.

Anderson, Benedict 2001 "Western Nationalism and Eastern Nationalism: Is There a Difference That Matters?" *New Left Review* 9 (2001): 31-42.

Appadurai, Arjun 1993 "Patriotism and Its Futures." *Public Culture* 5: 411-429.

Balakrishnan, Gopal, ed. 1996 Mapping the Nation. London: Verso

Bhabha, Homi K., ed. 1990 Nation and Narration. London & New York: Routledge.

Chatterjee, Partha 1986 *Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse?* Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press.

Chatterjee, Partha 1993 *The Nation and Its Fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

Gellner, Ernest 1983 Nations and Nationalism. Ithaca: Cornell University Press

Hobsbawm, Eric & Terence Ranger, eds. 1983. *The Invention of Tradition*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Hobsbawm, Eric J. 1990 *Nations and Nationalism since 1780: Programme, Myth, Reality*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press

Smith, Anthony D. 1998 (1986) The Ethnic Origins of Nations. Oxford: Blackwell Publishers.

Zimmer Oliver, Nationalism in Europe 1890-1940, Palgrave 2003.

Tarling Nichola, Nationalism in South East Asia, Routledge 2004

Van Der veer, Peter, Religious Nationalism: Hindus and Muslims In India, Permanent Black.1997

Chandra, Bipan (et.al), Freedom Struggle in India, Penguine, 1990

Bhattacharya Sabyasachi, The Idea of Civilization in Indian Nationalism Discourse, OUP,2011

Learning Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will

- Grasp over the concepts, theories and approaches of nation and nationalism in historical perspective.
- Would develop critical appreciation of the impact of the ideas of nation and nationalism across the world since early modern period.

SEMESTER-III

Course Code : 306.2

Course Title : History of Art and Archaeology of Ancient Assam

Nature of the Course : GE
Distribution of Credit : 4x1=4

Objectives: The basic objective of this course is to study the history of Art and Archaeology of Ancient Assam (From the 4th to the 12th/13th Century AD). The course deals with some important topics in details like approaches of the studies of epigraphs of Ancient Assam, chronological categorization of sculptural development in Assam, secular and religious Architectures, Coinage and Circulation of Cowrie Shells etc.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents

Topic	Cred	lit
Unit 1:	Lecture	Tutorial
1.05. Sources and Approaches	2	1
1.06. Studies of Epigraphs of Ancient Assam	3	
1.07. Characteristic Features of the Epigraphs : Materials and Size, Script		
and Language and Theme, subject matter and Style	3	1
1.08. Few Inscriptions: (i) Nagajari Khanikar Gaon Stone Inscription, (ii)		
Umachal Rock Insciption (iii) Nidhanpur CP Inscription (iv) Bargaon		
CP Inscription and (v) Ambari Stone Inscription	4	
Unit- II		
2.01 Historiography, Methods and Approaches of Studies of Sculptures of	3	1
Assam		
2.02 Chronological Categorization of Sculptural Development in Assam:		
Classical Style (5 th to 6 th Century AD)	2	1
2.05 Classical Style (7 th to 8 th Century)	2	
2.06 The Deopani School of Art (Late 7 th to 8 th Century AD)	2	1
Unit- III		
3.04 East Indian School of Mediaeval Art: Features and Evolutionary	3	1
Growth of its Stylistic Features		
3.05 Deopahar	2	1
3.06 Madan Kamdev Temple	3	
3.04 Malini Than	3	
Unit- IV		
4.05Secular Architectures: Forts and Palatial Buildings, Roads, Tanks, etc.	2	1
4.06Religious Architecture: Stupas, Circular Shrine, Jaina caves and		
Temples	2	1
4.07Architectural Remains of Doiyang-Dhansiri Valley	3	

4.08 Architectural Remains of Guwahati, Goalpara, Tezpur and Nagaon	5	1
regions		
UNIT V		
NUMISMATICS		
5.05Coinage during Varman Dynasty	2	1
5.06Coinage during Salastambha Dynasty	3	1
5.07Coinage during Pala Dynasty	2	
5.08Circulation of Cowrie Shells as Money	2	
Weights and Size of the coins of Ancient Assam	2	1

Suggested Readings

Acharya P.K. : *Indian Architecture According to Manasara Silpa Sastra*, Indian Indological Publishers, Patna, 1927

Agarwala P.K. : *Gupta Temple Architecture*, Prithivi Prakashan, Varanasi, 1968. Asher, F.M. : *The Art of Eastern India*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1980

Barpujari, H.K. (ed) : *The Comprehensive History of Assam*, Vol. I, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati, 1990.

: Political History of Assam, Vol. 1. Govt. of Assam, Guwahati 1977.

Baruah B.K. : A Cultural History of Assam, Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati , 1969

Barua, K.L. : Early History of Kamarupa (3rd Edn.) Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati, 1988. : A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1985

Bhattacharya. P.K. (ed): *Iconography of Sculptures*, University of North-Bengal, West Bengal, Darjeeling, 1983.

Bhattacharya, P.N. : Kamarupasasnavali, Rangpur Shahitya Parishad, B.S. 1338/1932 A.D.

: Bhattacharya T.; The Cannons of Indian Art, Firma K.L. Mukhapadhya, Calcutta, 1996

Boruah, Nirode : Early Assam, state formation, political centres cultural zones, Spectrum Publication, Guwahati, New Delhi, 2007

Brown, Percy : *Indian Architecture* (Buddhist and Hindu Period), D.B. Tareporevalla & Sons, Bombay, 1956.

Bunce, Fredrick W. : A Dictionary of Buddhist and Hindu Iconography, D.K. Print world(P) Ltd, New Delhi, 1997

Choudhury, N.D.: Historical Archaeology of Central Assam, B.R. Publishing Corporation, Delhi, 1985.

Choudhury. P.C.: *The History of Civilization of the People of Assam to the Twelfth Century A.D.* (revised), 3rd Edn., Spectrum Publication, Delhi, Guwahati, 1987

Choudhury. R.D. : Archaeology of the Brahmaputra Valley of Assam, Agam Kala Prakashan Delhi, 1985

: Art Heritage of Assam, Aryan Books International, New Delhi, 1998.

: Asamat Puratatvik Adhyayanar Agragati, Parvatee Prakashan, Guwahati, 1992.

Dutta, H.N. : Art and Archaeology of the Doiyang-Dhansiri Valley of Assam, unpublished Ph.D. thesis, Gauhati University, 1997.

Dutta, Monoranjan : Sculpture of Assam, Agam Kala Prakashan New Delhi, 1990,

Fleet. J.F. : Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum III, Calcutta, 1888, ed., Chabra B.C. & Gai G.S.

:Archaeological Survey of India, Janapath, New Delhi, 1981.

Nath, R.M. : The Background of Assamese Culture, Dutta Baruah & Co. Guwahati, 1948.

Rhodes, N.G.,

Bose, S.K. : *The Coinage of Assam*, Vol. I, Pre-Ahom Period, Kolkata, Guwahati, 2003.

Saraswati, S.K. : A Survey of Indian Sculpture, Munchiram Monoharlal, Delhi, 1975.

Sarma, A.K. : Emergence of Early Culture in North-East India, Aryan Books International, New

Delhi, 1993.

Sarma, D. : Kamarupasasnavali, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati, 1981.

Sarma,

Mukunda Madhava : Inscriptions of Ancient Assam, Department of Publication, Gauhati University,

1978.

Sarma, P.C. : Architecture of Assam, Agom Kala Prakashan, Delhi, 1988.

Learning Outcome: After going through this course, the students will be able to

• identify and describe the sources and approaches of the studies of epigraphs of Ancient Assam and the characteristic features of the Epigraphs

- critically assess the historiography, methods and approaches of studies of Sculptures of Assam and chronological categorization of sculptural development in Assam
- identify and assess the secular and religious Architectures of Ancient Assam
- explain and identify the coinage and circulation of Cowrie Shells, Weights and Size of the coins of Ancient Assam

SEMESTER-III

Course code : 306.3

COURSE TITLE : ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL ASSAM

Nature of the course : GE

Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

The course deals with various economic processes and their impact upon the socio-political development of the Brahmaputra valley during medieval period. The course also focuses on geographical background behind the historical process and the development in the sphere of revenue administration.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course Contents

Topic	Credit	Tutorial
Unit 1:		
 1.09. Sources and approaches 1.10. Geographical Background –Land and people 1.11. Economy in Pre-Ahom Assam 1.12. Ahom Migration and its Impact 	3 3 3 3	2
Unit- II		
 2.01. Land Systems – survey, census and classification of lands, land-ownership 2.02. Agriculture - Extent and mode of cultivation, means of irrigation, agricultural produces 2.03.: Land grants & assignments, 2.04. Mughal Impact 		
Unit- III		
	3	2

 3.1. Land revenue and Taxes other than Land revenue 3.2. Revenue administration – methods of assessment 3.3. Revenue in Lower Assam 3.4 Relation with Hill area: <i>Posa</i> and <i>Khat</i> systems 	3 3 3	
Unit- IV		
 4.01. Industries and Crafts – Textiles – cotton and silk 4.02. Handicrafts 4.03. Metals and Minerals – gold, iron, salt, 4.04. Technology and nature of production. 	3 3 3 3	2
UNIT V.		
 5.01. Barter system – Development of Currency System – cowries, Ahom coins, Kachari coins, Konch and Jayanita coins, S.02. Trade Routes – Water and Land Transport –means of transport. 5.03. Internal & External trade: local and frontier, commodities of trade, Transport and Communication system 5.04 Economic Relations between the Hills and the Plains 	3 3 3 3	2

Readings:

10. Barpujari, H.K.ed : The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. III

11. Guha, Amalendu : Medieval and Early Colonial Assam: Society, polity and Economy

12. Bhuyan, S.K. : *Anglo- Assamese Relations*.

13. Gogoi,J : Agrarian System of Medieval Assam

14. Gohain, U.N. : Assam Under the Ahoms

15. Kakoty, S. : Science Technology and Social Formation in Medieval Assam

Technology, Production and Social Production in the Evolution of

the Ahom State

16. Sharma, S.N. : A Socio Economic and Cultural History of Medieval Assam

17. Raychoudhuri, T. and Habib, I.: The Chambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I

18. N.G.Rhopdes, and Basu S.K, : The Coinage of assam VolsI,11

Learning outcome: After completion of the course the student will be able to

- understand the agrarian economy of the Brahmaputra valley in pre- colonial times.
- have an idea about the land system and agricultural production of the Brahmaputra valley.
- Know about the craft, technology and market system in Assam in the medieval period.

Semester-III

Core Code : **306.4**

Course Title : History of Contemporary India 1947-2000

Course Nature : GE Course Credit : 4x1=4

Course Objectives:

• This paper on contemporary India is intended to provide the student on abroad overview of the changing political dynamic in the post Independence Indian in a historical perspective

- The paper focus on the making of the Indian Republic and functioning of the Indian democratic system after Independence
- The paper also explain the challenges to Indian democracy and its federal structure and the regional aspiration since Independence
- Abroad overview of the changing political economy of independence Indian from Nehruvian socialism to liberalized economy. It also part of the paper

Mode of Assessment: End semester Examination/In semester Examination

Home Assignment/seminar/Viva

Course Contents:

Unit	Lecture	Tutorial
Unit-I: Independence and the emergence of the Indian Republic 1.01: Indian Independence and Partition Legacy; Migration issues and settlement 1.02: The Making of the Indian Constitution: Debates in the constituent assembly 1.03: Integration of the Princely States 1.04:Linguistic Reorganization of the state	12	1
Unit-II:Nehruvian Period 1947-64	12	1

2.01: Nehru and Democratic Socialism: Making of the five year plan and Indian economy 2.02:Reforms, Legislation and Governance 2.03:Non Alignment movement and Foreign Policy, 2.04: War with Pakistan and China		
	12	1
Unit-III: Indira Gandhi and Changing phases of Congress Party		
3.01: Lal Bahadur Shastri and Ascendency of Indira Gandhi, Indira Gandhi and Indian foreign Policy: Indo-Pakistan War		
3.02: J.P Movement and Emergency, Janata Government and comeback of Indira Gandhi 3.03: India under Rajiv Gandhi, Political Re- Alignment and Emergence of National Front		
Government.		
3.04 Indian Democracy and Political Parties	10	1
Unit-IV:1990's and changing Political Scenario	12	1
4.01:Economic Liberalization 4.02 Mandal Commission, OBC and Dalit Movement 4.03 Secular and communal polarization 4.04: Rise of BJP, the Politics of Regional Parties		
and NDA		
Unit-V:Regionalism and Indian Federalism	12	1
5.01:Indian Federalism and challenges 5.02: the Dravidian issue and Tamil regional movement 5.03: The Sikh and the Akali Movement 5.04: Northeast India, Kashmir and challenges to		
Federalism		

Suggested Reading:

Granville Austin, *Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*, New Edition, OUP, 2011 Francine Frankel, *India's Political Economy, 1947-2004*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2006. Paul Brass, *The Politics of India Since Independence*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1994.

Ram Chandra Guha, *India after Gandhi: The History of the World's Largest Democracy*, New Delhi: Picador, 2007

Bipan Chandra, et al (ed) India after Independence, New Delhi: Penguin Books, 1999

Appadurai, *Domestic Roots of India's Foreign Policy 1947-1972*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1979.

Rajni Kothari, Politics in India, New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1970.

Joya Chatterji, *The Spoils of Partition: Bengal and India, 1947- 67*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2007.

Sunil Khilnani, The Idea of India, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2004

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students

- Will be able to grasp the unfolding history of Independence India.
- Will explain and narrate the history and functioning of Indian democracy, party system and the regional politics since 1947.
- will develop a critical perspective of the economic history of the independence period

SEMESTER-III

Course Code : 306.5

Course Title : Science and Technology in Pre-Colonial India

Nature of the Course : GE
Distribution of Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

- The course deals with various economic processes and their impact upon the socio-political development of the Brahmaputra valley during medieval period.
- The course also focuses on geographical background behind the historical process and the development in the sphere of revenue administration.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In Semester Examinations

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Topic	Credit	
UNIT- I	lecture	Tutorial
1.1: Sources and approaches	12	1
1.2: Science and technology: meaning, scope and importance.		
1.3: Development of different branches of Science: Astronomy,		
Mathematics, Alchemy.		
UNIT II		
2.1: Tools and technology in Pre- historic period (Paleolithic,	12	1
Mesolithic, Neolithic and Chalcolithic period)		
2.2 : Development of agriculture in early historical period- use of iron		
technology, irrigation, tools, crops		
2.3: Pottery making- OCP, BRW, PGW, NBPW		
UNIT-III		

 3.1: Textile technology (cotton, silk, wool) 3.2: Mining and metallurgy 3. 3: Building and construction industry (bridge making, stone cutting, brick, tiles, lime and mortar) 	12	1
UNIT-IV 4.2: Military technology(fortress, bows and arrows, stirrup, gun powder, fire arms) 4.3: Paper making technology(palm leaf, <i>tula paat, sanchi paat</i>) 4.3: Transport and communication	12	1
UNIT-V		
5.1: Disease: tropical diseases, venereal diseases, epidemics, 5.2: Developments in field of medicine and Surgery(Charaka, Sushruta, Jivaka) 5.2: Ayurveda, Unani medicine.	12	1

Suggested Reading:

D.P.Chattopadhyaya, History of Science and Technology in Ancient India: The Beginnings, 1987

The Ways of Understanding the Human Past: History of Science,
Philosophy and Culture in Indian Civilization, 2001

Interdisciplinary Studies in Science, Technology, Philosophy and Culture, 1996

Mathematics, Astronomy and Biology in Indian Tradition: Some Conceptual Preliminaries, 1999

- (ed)A.Rahman, "History of Indian Science, Technology and Culture" AD 1000-1800 (vol iii Part 1)
- S.R.Sarma(1992) 'Astronomical Instruments in Mughal Miniatures', Studrin Zur Indologic and Iranistik,pp.16,235-76
- S.N.Sen & K.S.Shukla (ed 1985)History of Astronomy in India, Indian National Science Academy, New Delhi
- (ed)Edward Sachan, Al Beruni's India, Oriental Books Reprint Corporation, New Delhi
- James Eliot, Indian Industries, W.H.Allen & Co.London, 1880
- Dharampal, Indian Science and Technology in the 18th century, Biblia Impose Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi & Academy of Gandhian Studies, Hydetabad,1983
- Syed Jafas Mahmud, Metal Technology in Medieval India, Daya Publishing House, New Delhi
- Irfan Habib, Medieval Technological Exchanges between India and the Islamic World, Viveka Publication.Aligarh,1985
- A.L.Basham, The Wonder That was India,

- Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India,
- Irfan Habib, Prehistory, 2001 Technology in Medieval India: 650-1750,
- Kaushik Roy(ed.), Warfare, State and Society in South Asia: 500 BCE-2005 CE, 2010
- Shrimali, Krishna Mohan : The Age of Iron and the Religious Revolution (c.700 c.350 BC)

Learning outcome:

Student will learn to

- Development of technology in early India since pre-historic times
- innovations and developments in the field of science and technology during the medieval period
- Influences due to Islamic and European contact

Semester-IV

Course Code : 401

Course Title : History of Freedom Struggle in India: 1857-1947

Nature of the Course : Core Distribution of Credit : 4x1=4

Course Objectives:

• To understand the British administrative policy and its impact on the Indian society prior to 1857.

- To study in deep the causes of the Revolt of 1857 and its aftermath.
- To examine the role of Indian intellectuals and various organizations particularly the role of Indian National Congress in spearheading national movement.
- To understand Gandhi views on struggle for Independence and his various movements in connection to that.
- To study the colonial pattern of administration and its various constitutional development.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination / Two In semester examination

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course Contents

Topic		Credit	
		Lecture	Tutorial
Unit-I:			
1.01.	The first Century of British Rule: Establishment of British supremacy, administrative system before 1857.	12	1
1.02.	Revolt of 1857: Causes, Courses, Consequences and Nature.		
1.03.	Popular movements after 1857: characteristic and nature		
1.04.	Post- 1857 British Policy and political changes, Indian intellectual cross-currents; print, press, political associations before 1885		

Unit -	П	12	1
2.01	Different Schools views on the Emergence of Indian Nationalism	12	-
2.02	The Foundation of Indian National Congress: myth and reality theory, composition, methods and demand.		
2.03	Evaluation of Congress Policies, programmes and works up to 1905.		
2.04	The Congress political ideology: moderates and extremists, differences, conflict and split.		
Unit -	III		
3.01	Partition of Bengal, Swadeshi Movement: trend, boycott, Swadeshi and national education.	12	1
3.02	Rise of Revolutionary: ideology and trend		
3.03	The communal tangle: Muslim politics, birth of the Indian Muslim League		
3.04	World War I and its Impact on Indian Socio-economic and politics. Post-War reform: The Mont-ford Reforms and the Act of 1919.		
Unit -	IV		
4.01	Mahatma Gandhi: His Perspectives, Method and Views on Nation and Nationalist Struggle.	12	1
4.02	Champaran, Kheda, Ahmedabad, Rowlatt Satyagraha, the Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movement.		
4.03	Indian National Movement and the Princely States		
4.04	Gandhi and Civil Disobedience Movement, Congress and social groups and classes: Untouchables, capitalist,		
	Peasant and workers.		

Unit -	V		
5.01	Government of India Act, 1935 and Provincial Autonomy.	12	1
5.02	Rise of the Congress Socialists		
5.03	World war II and progress of nationalist politics. 1942		
	Quit India Movement and the INA		
5.04	Post-War Nationalist Upsurge - Cabinet Mission and		
	Grouping Controversy and Transfer of Power.		
	2 2 2		
	Total Contact Hours		65

Suggested Readings:

Bayly C. A., Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire, New Cambridge History of India.

_______.(1975). The local roots of Indian Politics Allahabad 1880-1920 Oxford: Clarendon Press Seal, Anil.(1971). The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, London: Cambridge University Press 1971.

Mclane, J.K..(1977). Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress, Princeton: N.J. Princeton University Press.

Hardy, Peter.(1972). The Muslim of British India, Cambridge University Press.

Sarkar, Sumit .(1973). The Swadeshi Movement in Bengal, New Delhi: Permanent Black.

______.(1983). Popular Movement and Middle Class Leadership, K.P Bagchi Calcutta.

_____.(1983). Modern Indian, Permanent Black.

Chatterjeee, Parth. (1993). Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse, Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press.

Pati, Biswamony. (ed) (2007). The 1857 Rebellion, New Delhi: Oxford University.

R. Metcalf, Thomas.(1990). The Aftermath of Revolt: India 1857-1870, New Delhi: Manohar.

Partha Sarathi Gupta and A.Despande. (eds.,)(2002). The British Raj and its Indian Armed Forces, 1857-1939, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Brown, Judith. (1971). Gandhi Rise to Power, Cambridge.

Guha, Ramchandra. (2018). Gandhi the Years that Change the World 1914-1948, Penguin India.

Habid, S. Irfan. (2017). *Indian Nationalism, the Essential Writing*, Aleph Book Company.

Hardiman, David.(2018). The Nonviolent Struggle for Indian Freedom 1905-1919, Penguin Viking

Amin, Sahid.(2006). Event Metaphor Memory; Chauri Chaura, 1922-1992, Penguin India.

Pandey, Gyandra.(1988). (ed.), The Indian Nation in 1942, Calcutta: K.P Bagchi and Company.

Low, D.A.(2004). Congress and the Raj, Delhi: Reprinted by Oxford University Press.

N.Ramsack, Barbara. (2004). The Indian Princes and their States, Cambridge University Press.

M.K.Gandhi, The Hind Swaraj, various editions: Pare led., and T. Surhud, S.Sharma ed., etc.

Subaltern Studies, 1-12, Ed. Ranajit Guha and et al, Delhi: Oxford University Press/Permanent Press, 1978.

Tomlinson, B.R. (1979). *Political Economy of the Raj 1914-1947: The Economics of Decolonization in India*, London: Macmillan Press.

Chandra, Bipan. (1979). Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India.

(at al) India's Struggles for Independence, Penguin India.

Bandyopadhyay, Shekhar. (2009). From Plassey to Partition, Orient Blackswan Pvt.

Menon, V,P.(1957). The transfer of Power in India, Orient BlackSwan.

Darwin, John.(2009) *The Empire Project: The Rise and Fall of the British World System, 1830-1970*, Cambridge University Press.

P. J. Cain and A. G. Hopkins. (2001). British Imperialism, 1688-2000, New York, Longman,

Learning Outcomes:

- After learning the course the student would have the idea on the British policy and attitudes towards India.
- The course would enhance the learner's horizon of knowledge on the roles of intelligentsia, Indian army, various entities and the Indian National Congress.
- It would aid the learners to understand the perspectives and views of Gandhi on Indian national struggle for independence and his various movements.

Semester-IV

Course Code : 402

Course Title : History of Ecology and Environment in India

Course Nature : Core Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

- To develop an understanding of the development of Environmental History as an important discipline
- To develop historical understanding of the changing dimension of human-nature interface in India in historical perspective
- To develop understanding reading changing resource use patterns in India and its impact on landscape and environment
- To develop understanding of the impact of colonialism and its policies on the environment in India
- To develop critical appreciation of the development paradigm in Independent India and the role of the environmental movements.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ Two insemester Examination

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course Contents:

Topic		its
Unit- I: Basic Concepts and Historiography:	Lecture	Tutorial
1.01 Ecology and Environment, Geographical		
Background of the Subcontinent; Characters of		1
South Asia's Environment, Ecosystem and	12	
Population Interaction.		
1.02 Environmental History and its development in the		
South Asian context.		
1.03 Mode of Resource Utilization; Resource Use		
Patterns in Indian History.		
1.04 Early South Asian Communities and their interaction		
with the Environment; Neolithic Revolution:		
Agriculture and Pastoralism; Climate and Indus		
Valley Civilization		

Unit -II: Interface between Environment and	12	1
Civilization in South Asia (Pre-modern Period):		
2.01 Use of iron implements Agricultural Expansion		
and Deforestation in the Gangetic Valley. 2.02 Forests and Settlements Patterns In Early India;		
Tribes, Forests and Settlements		
2.03 Water Resources, Irrigation And Society in Early		
and Medieval India 2.04 Expansion of Agricultural in Early Medieval and		
Medieval India; Forest and the pastoral communities in		
the Medieval period; Wilderness, Animals and Changing		
Landscapes In The Medieval Period	10	
Unit -III: Colonial Intervention and its Impact on	12	1
Environment.		
3.01 British Forest Policy in India: Impact of		
European Forestry Tradition and the Making of		
British Forest Policy, British Forest Policies up to 1947; Colonialism and its Ecological Demands:		
Commercial Exploitation of Forest Products;		
Impact of Railway Construction on Forestry		
3.02 British Forest Policy: Deforestation and		
Ecological change in North and South India; Tribes and The		
New Forest Policies; Pastoralist in The Colonial		
Period;		
3.03 Forestry, Famine, Disease and Disasters3.04 Ecology, Land use and Changing landscapes		
	12	1
Unit-IV: Environmental Movements and Conservation		
Polices in post –Independence period 4.01 Mahatma Gandhi and Nehru's view on		
Environment		
4.02 Conservation Policies in Post independence		
Period		
4.03 Environmental Movements: Chipko Movement, Narmada Bachao Andolan and other		
Environmental Movements		
4.04 Dams and Mines and Problems of Displacement		
Critique of Development Paradigm in post-		
Independent Period Unit -V: Ecology and Environment in North-East	12	1
India:		1

5.01	British Forest Policies in North- East India	
5.02	Environmental and Socio-Economic	
	Consequences of Colonial Forest Policies;	
	Plantation Economy and Forestry.	
5.03	Flood and Soil Erosion in the Brahmaputra Valley	
5.04	History of Conservation Strategies in North East	
India		

Suggested Reading:

Agarwal, D.P : Man and Environment in India through the ages, 1992.

Arnold, D and Guha, R. : Nature, Culture, Imperialism: Essays on the Environmental History of

South Asia,

Bhattacharya, D.K. : Ecology and Social Formation in Ancient History, 1990.

Dhavalikar, M.K. : Environment and Culture: A Historical perspective, 2002

Grone, R. Damodaran, V.,

Sangwar, S., : Nature and the Orient: The Environmental History of South and South-

East Asia, 1998.

Guha, Sumit, : Environment and Ethnicity in India 1200-1991,1999.

Guha, A. : Medieval and Early Colonial Assam: Society, polity Economy, 1991.

Guha, R. : The Unquiet woods, Ecological change and peasants Resistance in the

Himalaya 1999.

Environmentalism, A Global, History, 2000.

Gadgil, M and R, Guha : The Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India, 1992.

: Ecology and Equity, 1998.

Handique, R. : British Forest Policy, 2004.

Mathur, S.M. : *Physical Geology of India*, 1986.

Mann, M : British Rule on Indian Soil- North India in the First Half of the Nineteenth

Century, 2001

Martinez-Alies, J and Guha R. : Varieties of Environmentalism: Essays North and South, 1998.

Rangarajan, Mahesh : Environmental Issues in India, New Delhi, 2008

Saikia, A.J. : Jungles, Reserves, Wild Life, A History of Forest in Assam 2005.

Sinha, Rajiv Kumar : Geographical Factors in Early Indian Economy, 2000.

Skaria, Ajay. : Hybrid Histories: Forest, Frontiers and wildness in Western India, 2000.

Pathak, Akhileswar : Law, Strategies, Ideologies: Legislating Forests in Colonial India, 2002.

Rahman, A: History of Indian Science, Technology and Culture. A.D 1000-1800, 2002

Learning Outcome:

• The students would develop a grasp over the development of environmental history, its methods and sources for study.

- The students would develop critical appreciation of the changing factors which influenced the landscape and environment in India and the roles of the different agencies in conservation.
- This will help them in new research and investigation relating to environmental history

Semester-IV

Course Code : 403

Course Title : Historiography – Indian

Nature of Course : core Distribution of Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

- To develop understanding of the history of historical traditions in India in Early and Medieval Period
- To develop understanding of the regional historical traditions in India in the pre-colonial period.
- To develop critical appreciation of the changing craft of history writing in India since the colonial period and the impact of ideas and institutions in the changing historiography

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination / Two In semester examination

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents

Topic		redit
Unit- I Ancient Indian Historiography:	Lecture	Tutorial
1.01: Ancient Indian Historiography- Problem of historical	12	1
Consciousness		
1.02: Puranas and Itihasa- Historicity of the Puranas		
1.03: Biographical works- Banabhatta's <i>Harshacharita</i>		
1.04: Historical works – Kalhana's Rajatarangini		
Unit -II:	12	1
(a) Medieval Indian Historiography- Historiography in the		
Sultanate Period-		
3.01: Historical works of Alberuni- Tarikh-I-Hind- his		
methodology		
3.02: Zia-ud-din Barani –his Methodology		
(b) Historiography of the Mughal Period-		
3.03: Abul Fazl, Abdul Qadir Badauni and his works-		
Muntakhab-ut-Tawarikh- his methodology		
3.04 Regional Historiography		

Unit -III: Modern Indian Historiography:	12	1
4.01: Colonial Impact and discovery of India's Past- the role of	12	1
the Orientalists and Asiatic Society of Bengal		
4.02: Development of Indological Studies- Colebrook and		
Maxmuller, James Princep,		
4.03 Alexandar Cunnigham, J.H. Marshall and Archaeological		
Survey of India		
4.03: The Colonialist/Imperialist Historiography in 19 th and		
early 20 th century		
carry 20 century		
Unit -IV:	12	1
Modern Indian Historiography:		
4.01: Growth of Nationalist Historiography		
4.02 Communalism and the writing of Indian History		
4.03 Marxist Historiography		
4.04 Subaltern historiography		
Unit -V:	12	1
Development of Historiography in Northeast India:		
5.01: Medieval Historiography- the Assamese chronicles		
(Buranjis)		
5.02: Vaishnava biographical works (<i>Charit Puthis</i>), and the		
Genealogical works (Vamsavalis)		
5.03: Modern Historiography- Colonial Period- Haliram		
Dhekial Phukan, Gunaviram Barooah and Sir Edward		
Gait , Assamse periodicals and Regional Historical		
Consciousness.		
5.04 Department of Historical and Antiquarian Studies (DHAS)		
and the Kamarupa Anusandhan Samity (KAS)		
Contributions of S.K.Bhuyan, K.L.Barua, H.K.Barpujari,		
Amalendu Guha.		

Suggested Readings:

Carr. E.H. : What is History, Macmillan, Penguin Books, 1994

: (Assamese tr.) L.N.Tamuli, Assam Publication, Guwahati, 2005

Collingwood R.G : The Idea of History, OUP Paperback, London, 1994 Majumdar. R.C. : Historiography in Modern India, London, 1970

Mukhia Harbans : Historian and Historiography during the Region of Akbar, New Delhi, 1976.

Sreedharan. E . A : Text Book of Historiography (Orient Longman), 2004

Sen. S : Historians and Historiography in Modern India, Institute of Historical Studies,

Calcutta 1973.

Sarkar.J.N. : History of History Writing in Medieval India, Calcutta, 1977.

Sachau Edward (tr.) : Alberuni's India, New Delhi, 1983

Sharma, R. et.al: Historiography and Historians since Independence, Agra, 1991

Shastry, B.N. : Kalika Purane Murtivinirddeshah : Kalika Puran (tr. and ed.), Delhi, 2002

Bhattacgarjee J.B. : Historiography in North East India, Calcutta,

Arther Marwick : The New nature of History- Knowledge, Evidence, Language, Grate Britain,

Reprint, 2001.

Said Edward : Orientalism, Pelican (edition that contains the Afterwords)

Thapar Romila : Past as Present

: Ancient Indian Social History

Alok Bhalla &

Sudhir Chanda (ed) : Indian Responses to Colonialism in the Nineteenth Century

Thomas R. Trautmann: Aryans and British India Amartya Sen, : Argumentative India

David Kopf, : British Orientalism and the Bengal Renaissance

P. Mukherjee : William Jones- A Study in Eighteenth Century British Attitudes

To India, OUP.

Debiprasad Chattopadhyaya, : Knowledge and Intervention, Studies in Society and consciousness

Nihar Ranjan Ray, : Bharatetihash Jignasa. (Bengali).

D.D. Kosambi, : Combined Methods in Indology and Other Writtings, (compl & ed)

with and introduction by Brajadulal Chattorpadhyaya

Baruah Gunabhiram : Asam Buranji, Guwahati, 1985

Baruah Swarnalata : A Comprehensive History of Assam. Delhi, 1985

Dhekial Phukan Haliram : Assam Buranji, Incorporated in Lakhi nath Tamuli ed. the Haliram

Dhekial Phukan Rachanawali, Guwahati, 2005.

Learning Outcome:

• The students will have grasp over the changing historical consciousness in India across time and how the ideas and institutions shape the historical writing traditions. Students will develop critical appreciation to intellectually locate the historical texts to understand the multiple factors which shape the historical consciousness.

Semester-IV

Course code : 404.1

Course Title : Art and Architecture in Early India

Nature of the Course: DSE

Credit : 4x1=4

Course objectives

The course objectives is to

• Introduce the students with the styles of art, architecture and painting in India and their process of evolution throughout the ancient period.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination / Two In semester examination

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents

Topic	L	T
Unit- I Early Phase of Art and Architecture:		
1.01: Harappan Art and Architecture: Harappan Sculptures, Architecture and Town planning	12	1
1.02: Mauryan Art and Architecture: Mauryan Pillars,		
1.03: Mauryan Stone Sculptures, Caves, Wooden Palace etc.		
1.04: Nature of Mauryan Art.		

Topic	c	L	Т
		12	1
UNIT	-II Post-Mauryan Developments:		
2.01:	Art and Architecture in the Sunga and Satavahana Period Saka-Kushana Art		
2.02:	Mathura, Gandhara and Amaravati School of Art		
2.03:	Stupa Architecture: Its Origin and Development		
2.04:	Development of Rock Cut Architecture.		
UNIT	Γ-III Classical Indian Art and Architecture		
		12	1
3.01:	Sculptural Development in the Gupta period.		
3.02:	Evolution of Temple Architecture in the Gupta Period.		
3.03:	Chalukya Architecture: Aihole, Badami and Pattadakal.		
3.04:	Development of Temple Architecture in Orissa.		
UNIT-IV	Art and Temple Architecture in South India:		
4.01:	The Emergence of Dravidian Style: its genesis under the Pallavas	12	1
4.02:	The temples of the Cholas		
4.03:	Sculptural Development in South India.		
UNIT-V	Indian Painting:		
5.01:	Pre-historic period	12	1
5.02:	Satavahana and Kushana Period		
5.03:	Gupta-vakataka Period		
5.04:	Development of Painting in South India		

Suggested Readings:

Agrawala , V.S : Gupta Art, 1948

-----; : Indian Art, 1965

Agrawala, P.K. : Gupta Temple Architecture, 1987

Bhattacharya, D.C. : Buddhist Shrines, 1987

Choubey, G.C. : Early Buddhist Art in India, 1998

Coomaraswami, A.K. : History of Indian and Indonesian Art. 1927

Deva Krishna : Temples of North India, 1997

Gupta, S.P : The Roots of Indian Art, 1980

Havell, E.B. : Indian Architecture, 1913.

Majumdar, R.C (ed) : The History and Culture of the Indian People, VOL. II and III,

1954

Musthy, K.Krishna : Early Indian Secular Architecture, 1998

Millen, S. Barbare : Exploring India's sacred Art; Selected writings of Stella

ramirisch 1994

Majumdr, R.C. Altekar, A.S : The Vakataka – Gupta Age, 1969

Rath, B.K. : Cultural History of Orissa, 1983

Ray, Niharanjan : Maurya and Post-Maurya Art, 1975

Sarkar, H.B. : Studies in Early Buddhist Architecture, 1966

Saraswati, S.K : A Survey of Indian Sculpture, 1975

Sivaramamurti : Indian Painting. 1970

Learning Outcomes:

- The learners will identify multiple forms of architecture in early india
- Understand the pattern of paintings in early India

Semester-IV

Course Code : 404.2

Course Title : Art and Architecture in Medieval India

Course Nature : DSE Credit : 4x1=4

Objective:

The study of architecture and paintings is a key to

- Understand the relationship between visual and architectural forms and the people who produce them.
- This paper will help the students to understand the socio-political context of the art and architecture during medieval India and familiarize them with the stylistic and technical changes over time.
- The Paper also intends to understand the processes of patronization and legitimacy expressed through art and architecture.

•

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination / Two In semester examination

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course contents

Lecture	Tutorial
3	1+1
4	
3	
	3

2.01: Emergence of Indo-Islamic tradition: Arch, dome, minar, religious and		
secular buildings.	,	1.1
2.02: Arabitaatura undar the Mambuk kings	3	1+1
2.02: Architecture under the Mamluk kings.	3	
2.03: Architecture under the Khaljis.	3	
2.04: : Architecture under the Tughlaqs		
2.0 m. The intecture under the Taginaque	3	
Unit III: Architecture under the Mughals:		
3.01: tombs, forts, mosques, madrassas and public works		
5.01. tollios, forts, mosques, madrassas and public works		
3.02:Early Phase of Mughal Architecture	3	1+1
3.03: Mature phase of Mughal architecture	3	
3.04: Landscape and gardens.	3	
	2	
Unit IV Emergence of Provincial styles:(features, patronage and		
development)		
4.01: Bengal		1+1
4.02: Vijaynagar	3	
4.03: Bahmani	3	
4.04: Malwa	3	
7.07. IVIAIW A	3	
	3	

Unit V: Paintings and calligraphy:		
5.01: Paintings : Pre-Mughal style		
5.02: Mughal painting- miniatures, court patronage, European influence	3	1+1
5.03: Paintings in the regional style- Rajasthani, pahari, patta chitra	3	
5.04: Calligraphy	3	
	3	

Suggested Readings:

Ahmed, Aziz : Studies in Islamic Culture in Indian Environment, Oxford 1964

Asher, Catherine : Architecture of Mughal India, Cambridge, 1992.

Banga. Indu(ed), The City in Indian History: Urban Demography, Society and Politics, Delhi, 1991

Brown, Parcy : Indian Painting under the Mughal Oxford 1924.

Beach Milo. Mughal and Rajput Painting: The New Cambridge History of India Series, Delhi

1992.

Eaton, Ricard M. Temple Desecration and Muslim State in Medieval India, New Delhi, 2004

Fukazawa, H. : The Medieval Deccan : Peasants, Social Systems and State – Sixteenth to

Eighteenth Centuries, Delhi 1995

Koch Ebba, Mughal Architecture: An Outline of its History and Development, 1528-1858,

Munich, 1999

Monica Juneja-(ed) : Architecture in Medieval India Form, Contexts, Histories (Delhi 2001).

Qaiser, A.J., The Indian Response to European Technology and Culture, 1498-1707, Delhi,

1982

Tomory Edith, :A History of Fine Arts in India and the West, Delhi, 1997.

Vipul Singh : Interpreting Medieval India (Vol-I) (New Delhi 2009).

(Relevant articles are to be provided with the progression of each topic)

Learning outcome

After completion of the course, a student will be able:

- To understand the socio-political context of the paintings and architecture during medieval India.
- Different stylistic features evolved/developed over time.
- New innovations and technical changes.
- Ideological context reflected on the execution of a building or a painting.

Semester-IV

Course Code : 404.3

Course Title : History of Tribes of Northeast India: 1826-1947

Nature of the Course : DSE Distribution of Credit : 4x1=4

Course Objectives:

• To understand the concept of tribes in India and in particular to Northeast India.

- To trace the origin and settlement of the tribes, Socio- cultural and the mode of Agriculture.
- To understand the British Policy behind the annexation and the subjugation of the tribes.
- To debunk the Colonial stereotypical towards the tribes and missionary activities.

• To study the colonial pattern of administration and its legacy.

Mode of Assessment: End Semester Examination/ In semester examination

Home Assignment/Viva/Seminar

Course Contents:

unit	Topic	Credit	
		Lecture	Tutorial
Unit-I:	 1.01.Understanding the concept of tribes: colonial construct: census report; colonial ethnographic & anthropologist accounts. 1.02.Stereotyping: Savages, Uncivilized, Head-hunter, wildness. 1.03.Post colonial understanding: native accounts. 1.04.Historical Analysis: Persistence of and changing nature of tribes. 	12	1
Unit-II	2.01.Tribes of Northeast India: oral tradition, origin, migration, demographic dispersion and settlement, customary 2.02.Mode of agriculture: Jhoom cultivation.	12	1

 2.03.Relation with the native kingdoms, hills-valley relationship. 2.04.Nature and characteristics of relationship, Posa system, transaction of space, manpower and resources. 		
Unit-III: 3.01.Colonial territorial expansion to the Eastern Bengal frontier 3.02.Survey and Mapping of frontier 3.03.Raids and Resistances 3.04.Expeditions and Annexations: Jaintia Hills, Garo Hills, Naga Hills and Lushai Hills	12	1
Unit-IV: 4.01.Post annexation: administrative setup, Nature of intevention 4.02.Tribal Uprishing: Kuki, Zadonang and Rani Gaidinliu Movement, Adis and Bhutias 4.03.Advent of Christian Missionary: proselytisation, 4.04.Introduction of education.	12	1
 Unit-V: 5.01.Frontier Regulations: Continuation of Posa System, Policy of Isolation, Inner Line Regulation, outer Line, Line system, Mac Mohan Line, Boundary. 5.02.Simon Commission and Provisions for tribal, Government of India Act 1935 Excluded and Partially Excluded Areas. 5.03.World War II: Impact on the tribes, Cabinet Mission and grouping, the Crown Colony 5.04.Indian Constitution and Provision for Tribes. 	12	1
Total Contact Hours	65	

Suggested Reading:

Beteille, Andre.(1986) 'The Concept of Tribe with Special Reference to India,' European Journal of Sociology.

Xaxa, Virginius. (1999) 'Tribes as Indigenous People of India,' *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 34, No. 51, pp. 3589-3595. Retrieved from www.Jstore.org.

_____. (1989). 'Transformation of Tribes in India: Terms of Discourse,' *Economic and Political Weekly*,34(24):1519-24.

Ghurye, G.S. (1963). The schedule Tribe, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.

Chaterji, Suniti Kumar.(1974). Kirata-Jana-Kriti, Calcutta: Asiatic Society.

Haimendorf, Von Fürer. (1982). Tribes of India: The Struggle for Survival. Berkeley: California Press.

Freid, M.H. (1975). The Notion of tribe Menlo Park, CA: Cumming Pub.

Skari, Ajay.(1997). 'Shades of Wildness: Tribe, Caste and Gender in Western India,' *Journal of Asian Studies* 56(3):726-45.

Sinha, S. (ed) (1989). Tribal Polities and State Systems in Pre-Colonial Eastern and North Eastern India, Calcutta: Bagchi and Co.

Mackenzie, Alexander. (Reprint 2007). The North-East Frontier of India, New Delhi; Mittal

Pemberton, R. B. (1835[Reprint2000]). The Eastern Frontier of India, New Delhi: Mittal.

Curzon, George. (1907). Frontiers: The Romanes Lectures 1907, Oxford: Clarendon Press.

Mathew, Edney. (1990) Mapping an Empire: The Geographical Construction of British India, 1765-1843, Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

McCulloch, W. (1859[Reprint 1980]). An Account of the Valley of Manipore and of the Hill Tribes, New Delhi: Mitta

Lewin, T. H. (1870[Reprint 1978]). Wild Races of South-Eastern India, TRI, Aizawl.

Hudson, T.C ([1937] 1987). India Census Ethnography, 1901-1931, New Delhi: Usha.

Vumlallian Zou, David and Kumar M. Satish, 'Mapping a Colonial Borderland: Objectifying the Geo-Body of India's Northeast' *The Journal of Asian Studies*, Vol. 70, No. 1 Feb 2011, pp. 141-170.

Cederlof, Gunnel.(2013). Founding an Empire on India's North-Eastern Frontiers 1790-1840 Climate, Commerce, Polity, Oxford University Press.

Barpujari H.K, Problem of the Hills Tribes: North-East Frontier: 1843-72.

C. Scott, James. (2009). The Art of Not Being Governed, Yale University Press.

Guite, Jangkhomang. (2019), <u>Against State</u>, Against History: Freedom, Resistance and Statelessness in Upland Northeast India, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

'Colonialism and Its Unruly?—The Colonial State and Kuki Raids in Nineteenth Century Northeast India' *Modern Asian Studies /* Volume 48 / Issue 05 / September 2014, pp 1188 – 1232

.(ed) (2018). *The Anglo-Luki War, 1917-1919:A Frontier Uprising Against Imperialism During the First World War,* Routledge.

Sivaramakrishnan, K. (1999). Modern Forests: Statemaking and EnvironmentalChange in Colonial Eastern India, New Delhi: OUP.

Andaya, B.W.(2004). 'History, Headhunting and Gender in Monsoon Asia: Comparative and Longitudinal views', *South East Asia Research*, 12(1).

Bareh, H. (1985). The history and Culture of the Kashi People Guwahati: Spectrum.

Blackburn, S. (2003) 'Memories of Migration: Notes on Legends and Beads in Arunachal Pradesh, India' European Bulletin of Himalayan Research 25/26.

Sangma, Milton.S and R. Syiemleh, David. (eds) (1994). *Essay on Christianity in Northeast India*, New Delhi:Indus Publishing Company.

Barpujari, H,K. (1986). *The American Baptist Missionaries and the Northeast India*, Guwahati: Spectrum Publication.

Cox, Jeffrey.(2002). Imperial Faultlines: Christianity and Colonial power in India, 1818-1940 California.

Robb, Peter. (1997). 'The Colonial State and Construction of Indian Identity: An example of the Northeast Frontier in the 1880's.' *Modern Asian Studies*, 31(2):245-83.

Zou, David. (2005). 'Raiding the Dreaded Past: Representations of Headhunting and Human Sacrifice in Northeast India, *Contributions to Indian Sociology*, Sage, 39:75.

Sangma, Milton.(1981) History and Culture of the Garos, New Delhi: Books Today.

Shimray, R.R.(1985). Origin and Culture of Nagas, New Delhi: Pamleiphi Shimray.

T, Nyori. (1993). History and Culture of the Adis, New Delhi: Omsons.

J M'Cosh. (1884/reprint 2000). Topography of Assam New Delhi: Logos.

A.J May (2012). Welsh Missionaries and British Imperialism: The Empire of Clouds in North-East India Manchester: Manchester University Press.

Gait, Edward. (1905/Reprint 2008). History of Assam, Guwahati :EBH Publications.

L.Devi. (1968/Reprint 1992). Ahom Tribal Relations: A Political Study, Guwahati: Lawyer's Book Stall

Varrier Edwin. (ed) (1959). India's North-East Frontier in the Nineteenth Century, Delhi OUP.

S.Endle. (1911/reprint 2010) The Kacharis New Delhi: Akansha.

Nag, Sajal. (2016). The Uprishing: Colonial State, Christian Missionaries and Anti-slavery Movement in Northeast India (1908-1954) New Delhi: OUP.

R. Syiemleh, David. (2014). *On the Edge of Empire: Four British Plans for North East India, 1941-1947*, Sage India.

S.K Choube. (2012). Hill Politics in Northeast India, Orient Blackswan

Goswami, Priyam.(2012). From Yandaboo to Partition, 1826-1947. Hyderabad:Orient Black Swan.

Learning Outcomes:

After learning the course, the students will be able to:

- Have thorough understanding on the concept of tribes.
- Enhance their knowledge on the Socio-cultural life and settlement of the various tribes of Northeast India.
- Explore the colonial expansionist policy towards the annexation and subjugation of the tribes and the mode of resistance against those policies.
- Comprehend the colonial pattern of administration and its impact on the tribes.